ARBOR SERIES

COMMERCIAL

Water Source/Geothermal Heat Pump

- · R-410A Refrigerant
- · Commercial 0.75-6 Ton

Installation Information

Water Piping Connections

Hot Water Connections

Electrical

Startup Procedures

Troubleshooting

Preventive Maintenance





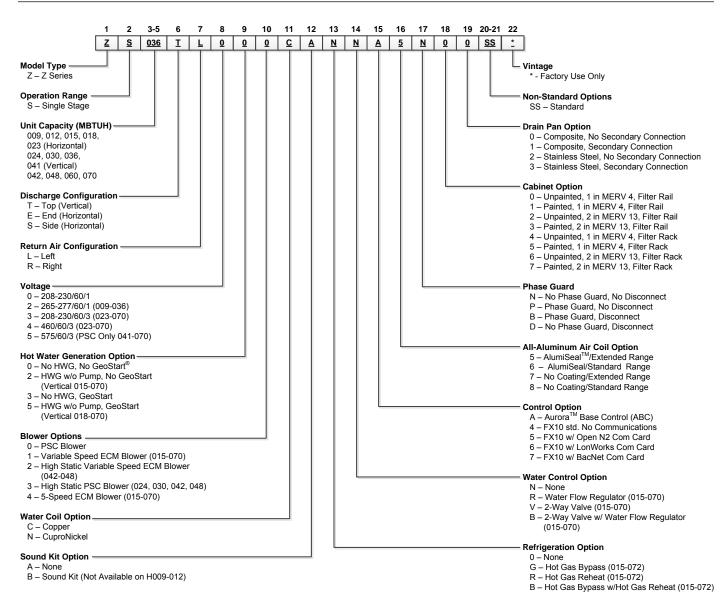




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Model Nomenclature



Note: Phase Guard Only Available on 208-230/60/3, 460/60/3, and 575/60/3 GeoStart is not available with Phase Guard Rev.: 29 October 2013D

General Installation Information

Safety Considerations



WARNING: Before performing service or maintenance operations on a system, turn off main power switches to the indoor unit. If applicable, turn off the accessory heater power switch. Electrical shock could cause personal injury.

Installing and servicing heating and air conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service personnel should install, repair or service heating and air conditioning equipment. Untrained personnel can perform the basic maintenance functions of cleaning coils and cleaning and replacing filters. All other operations should be performed by trained service personnel. When working on heating and air conditioning equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags and labels attached to the unit and other safety precautions that may apply.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use a quenching cloth for brazing operations and have a fire extinguisher available.

Moving and Storage

Move units in the normal "up" orientation. Horizontal units may be moved and stored per the information on the packaging. Do not stack more than three units in total height. Vertical units may be stored one upon another to a maximum height of two units. Do not attempt to move units while stacked. When the equipment is received, all items should be carefully checked against the bill of lading to be sure all crates and cartons have been received. Examine units for shipping damage, removing the units from the packaging if necessary. Units in question should also be internally inspected. If any damage is noted, the carrier should make the proper notation on the delivery receipt, acknowledging the damage.

Unit Location

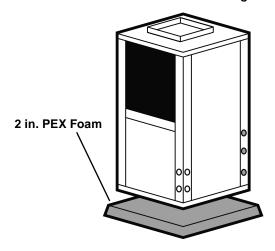
Locate the unit in an indoor area that allows for easy removal of the filter and access panels. Location should have enough space for service personnel to perform maintenance or repair. Provide sufficient room to make water, electrical and duct connection(s). If the unit is located in a confined space, such as a closet, provisions must be made for return air to freely enter the space by means of a louvered door, etc. Any access panel screws that would be difficult to remove after the unit is installed should be removed prior to setting the unit. On horizontal units, allow adequate room below the unit for a condensate drain trap and do not locate the unit above supply piping. Care should be taken when units are located in unconditioned spaces to prevent damage from frozen water lines and excessive heat that could damage electrical components.

Installing Vertical Units

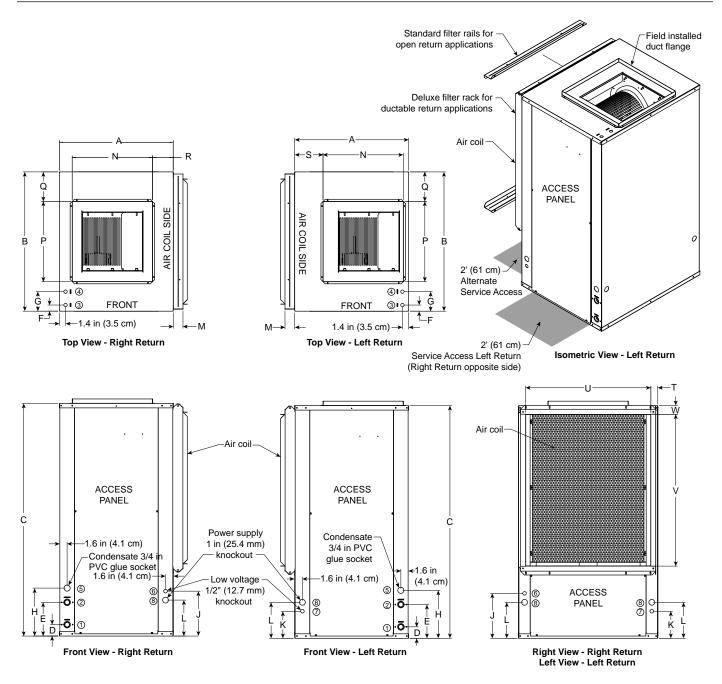
Prior to setting the unit in place, remove and discard the compressor hold down shipping bolt located at the front of the compressor mounting bracket.

Vertical units are available in left or right air return configurations. Top flow vertical units should be mounted level on a vibration absorbing pad slightly larger than the base to provide isolation between the unit and the floor. It is not necessary to anchor the unit to the floor (see figure below).





Vertical Dimensional Data



Vertical Dimensional Data cont.

		0\	erall Cabi	net			Wat	er Connect	ions			Elect	rical Knocl	couts	
					1	2	3	4	5			6	7	8	
Vertical Models		A	А В	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	Loop	Knock- out	J	К	L
		Width	Depth	Height**	In	Out	HWG In	HWG Out	Cond- ensate	Water FPT	HWG Pro- visions	1/2 in. cond	1/2 in. cond	1 in. cond	
000 042	in.	22.5	22.2	23.7	2.6	5.6	N/A	N/A	8.8	1/2	N/A	7.4	3.4	5.4	
009-012	cm.	57.2	56.4	60.2	6.6	14.2	N/A	N/A	22.4	12.7 mm	N/A	18.8	8.6	13.7	
045 040	in.	22.5	22.2	36.2	2.6	7.6	1.4	2.9	10.8	3/4	0.875	9.4	5.4	7.4	
015-018	cm.	57.2	56.4	91.9	6.6	19.3	3.6	7.4	27.4	19.1 mm	22.2 mm	23.9	13.7	18.8	
024-030	in.	22.5	26.2	40.2	2.6	7.6	1.4	4.4	10.8	3/4	0.875	10.1	6.1	8.1	
024-030	cm.	57.2	66.5	102.1	6.6	19.3	3.6	11.2	27.4	19.1 mm	22.2 mm	25.7	15.5	20.6	
036	in.	22.5	26.2	44.2	2.6	7.6	1.4	4.4	10.8	3/4	0.875	10.1	6.1	8.1	
036	cm.	57.2	66.5	112.3	6.6	19.3	3.6	11.2	27.4	19.1 mm	22.2 mm	25.7	15.5	20.6	
041	in.	22.5	26.2	44.2	2.6	7.6	1.4	2.9	10.8	3/4	0.875	10.1	6.1	8.1	
041	cm.	57.2	66.5	112.3	6.6	19.3	3.6	7.4	27.4	19.1 mm	22.2 mm	25.7	15.5	20.6	
042-048	in.	25.5	31.2	44.2	2.6	7.6	1.4	4.4	10.8	1	0.875	10.1	6.1	8.1	
042-046	cm.	64.8	79.2	112.3	6.6	19.3	3.6	11.2	27.4	25.4 mm	22.2 mm	25.7	15.5	20.6	
060	in.	25.5	31.2	48.2	2.6	7.6	1.4	4.4	10.8	1	0.875	10.1	6.1	8.1	
000	cm.	64.8	79.2	122.4	6.6	19.3	3.6	11.2	27.4	25.4 mm	22.2 mm	25.7	15.5	20.6	
070	in.	25.5	31.2	52.2	2.6	7.6	1.4	4.4	10.8	1	0.875	10.1	6.1	8.1	
070	cm.	64.8	79.2	132.6	6.6	19.3	3.6	11.2	27.4	25.4 mm	22.2 mm	25.7	15.5	20.6	

Vertica					harge Connec			Return Connection* using deluxe filter rack (±0.10 in)					
Vertical Models		M	N	Р	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W		
		Filter Rack Width	Supply Width	Supply Depth					Return Depth	Return Height			
009-012	in.	2.2	10.0	10.0	6.1	9.4	9.4	2.1	18.1	10.0	1.9		
009-012	cm.	5.6	25.4	25.4	15.5	23.9	23.9	5.3	46.0	25.4	4.8		
045 040	in.	2.2	14.0	14.0	4.1	4.3	7.7	2.1	18.1	20.0	1.9		
015-018	cm.	5.6	35.6	35.6	10.4	10.9	19.6	5.3	46.0	50.8	4.8		
004.000	in.	2.2	14.0	14.0	6.1	4.5	7.7	2.1	22.1	22.1	1.9		
024-030	cm.	5.6	35.6	35.6	15.5	11.4	19.6	5.3	56.1	56.1	4.8		
000	in.	2.2	14.0	14.0	6.1	4.5	7.7	2.1	22.1	26.1	1.9		
036	cm.	5.6	35.6	35.6	15.5	11.4	19.6	5.3	56.1	66.3	4.8		
044	in.	2.2	18.0	18.0	4.1	3.9	3.9	2.1	22.1	26.1	1.9		
041	cm.	5.6	45.7	45.7	10.4	9.9	9.9	5.3	56.1	66.3	4.8		
040.040	in.	2.2	18.0	18.0	6.6	4.6	6.3	1.6	28.1	26.0	2.0		
042-048	cm.	5.6	45.7	45.7	16.8	11.7	16.0	4.1	71.4	66.0	5.1		
000	in.	2.2	18.0	18.0	6.6	4.6	6.3	1.6	28.1	30.0	2.0		
060	cm.	5.6	45.7	45.7	16.8	11.7	16.0	4.1	71.4	76.2	5.1		
070	in.	2.2	18.0	18.0	6.6	4.6	6.3	1.6	28.1	34.0	2.0		
070	cm.	5.6	45.7	45.7	16.8	11.7	16.0	4.1	71.4	86.4	5.1		
	. 0/4	in PVC female					•		•		11/10/0		

Condensate is 3/4 in. PVC female glue socket and is switchable from side to front.

*Dimensions for return connections are for the deluxe filter rack that is suitable for ducted return applications and extends 3.25 in. [8.26 cm]

from the unit. The open filter rack, used in non-ducted returns, extends 2.2 in. [5.59 cm] from the unit. **Discharge flange is field installed and extends 1 in. (25.4 mm) from top of cabinet.

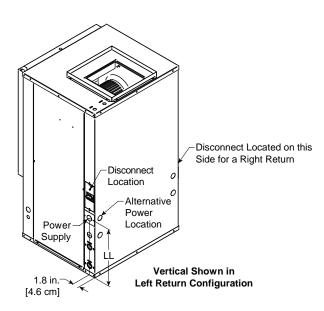
Vertical Disconnect

When using disconnect, do not use dimension L from the standard vertical dimensional data. Use dimension LL from the vertical disconnect dimensional data.

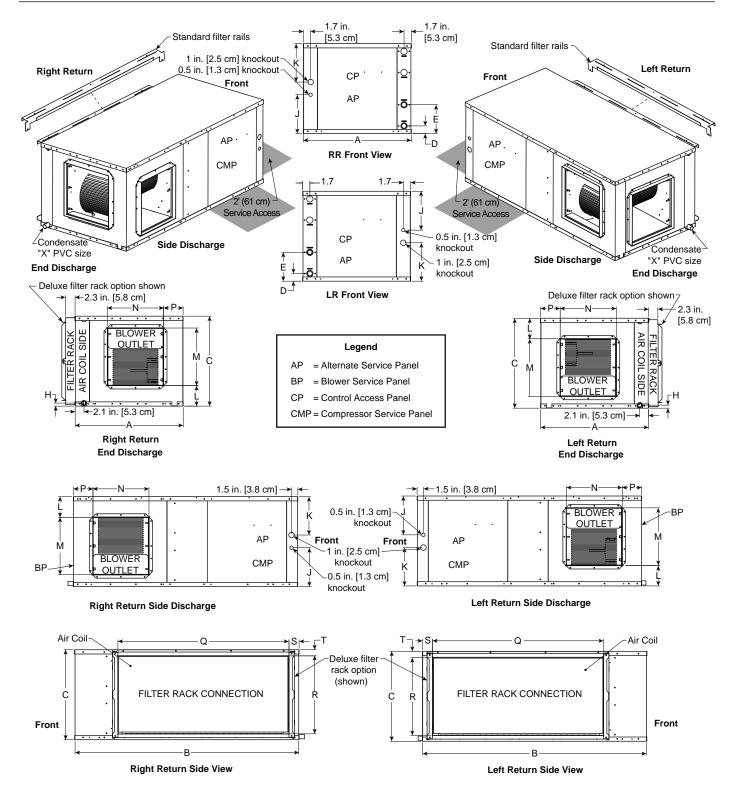
Vertical Models	LL
009-012	Externally Mounted
015-018	18.8 [47.8]
024-030	14.3 [36.3]
036	15.3 [38.9]
042-048	14.3 [36.3]
060	14.3 [36.3]
070	14.3 [36.3]

Dimensions in inches [cm]

02/06/13



Horizontal Dimensional Data



Horizontal Dimensional Data cont.

			Overall Cabine	t		Water Co	nnections	_	Electrical I	Knockouts	
Horizonta	., l				1	2	3		J	K	
Models	" [Α	В	C Height*	D	E	Н	Loop	1/2 in. cond	1 in. cond	
Models		Width	Depth		ln	Out	Cond- ensate	Water FPT	Low Voltage	Power Supply	
009-012	in.	19.2	30.9	11.9	1.8	4.8	0.8	1/2	4.5	4.5	
009-012	cm.	48.8	78.5	30.2	4.6	12.2	2.0	12.7 mm	11.4	11.4	
015-023	in.	22.5	42.0	17.2	1.8	6.8	0.8	3/4	7.1	7.1	
015-023	cm.	57.2	106.7	43.7	4.6	17.3	2.0	19.05 mm	18.0	18.0	
024-030	in.	22.5	42.0	19.2	1.8	6.8	0.8	3/4	9.2	7.1	
024-030	cm.	57.2	106.7	48.8	4.6	17.3	2.0	19.05 mm	23.4	18.0	
036	in.	22.5	45.0	19.2	1.8	6.8	0.8	3/4	9.2	7.1	
036	cm.	57.2	114.3	48.8	4.6	17.3	2.0	19.05 mm	23.4	18.0	
042-048	in.	25.5	48.0	21.2	1.8	6.8	0.8	1	9.2	9.1	
042-046	cm.	64.8	121.9	53.8	4.6	17.3	2.0	25.4 mm	23.4	23.1	
060	in.	25.5	53.0	21.2	1.8	6.8	0.8	1	9.2	9.1	
000	cm.	64.8	134.6	53.8	4.6	17.3	2.0	25.4 mm	23.4	23.1	
070	in.	25.5	61.0	21.2	1.8	6.8	0.8	1	9.2	9.1	
070	cm.	64.8	154.9	53.8	4.6	17.3	2.0	25.4 mm	23.4	23.1	

Horizont	al		-	Connection talled (±0.10 in)		usin	Return Cor g deluxe filter ra		10 in)	PVC Size
Models		L	М	N	Р	Q	R	S	Т	Х
			Supply Width	Supply Depth		Return Depth	Return Height			
009-012	in.	2.3	8.0	10.0	2.3	15.4	9.4	3.0	1.4	1/2
009-012	cm.	5.8	20.3	25.4	5.8	39.1	23.9	7.6	3.6	1.3
015-023	in.	5.7	10.5	9.4	4.9	23.4	14.5	2.0	1.4	3/4
015-023	cm.	14.5	26.7	23.9	12.4	59.4	36.8	5.1	3.6	1.9
004.000	in.	6.7	10.5	9.4	4.9	27.4	16.4	2.0	1.5	3/4
024-030	cm.	17.0	26.7	23.9	12.4	69.6	41.7	5.1	3.8	1.9
000	in.	6.7	10.5	9.4	4.9	30.4	16.4	2.1	1.5	3/4
036	cm.	17.0	26.7	23.9	12.4	77.2	41.7	5.3	3.8	1.9
040.040	in.	4.9	13.6	13.2	4.6	35.4	18.6	2.4	1.5	3/4
042-048	cm.	12.4	34.5	33.5	11.7	89.9	47.2	6.1	3.8	1.9
060	in.	4.9	13.6	13.2	4.6	40.4	18.4	2.4	1.5	3/4
000	cm.	12.4	34.5	33.5	11.7	102.6	46.7	6.1	3.8	1.9
070	in.	4.9	13.6	13.2	4.6	45.6	18.6	2.3	1.5	3/4
070	cm.	12.4	34.5	33.5	11.7	115.8	47.2	5.8	3.8	1.9

*Dimensions for return connections are for the deluxe filter rack that is suitable for ducted return applications and extends 3.25 in. [8.26 cm] from the unit. The open filter rack, used in non-ducted returns, extends 2.2 in. [5.59 cm] from the unit.

Condensate 3/4 in. PVC stub extends from cabinet approximately 1-1/2 in. [38.1 mm]

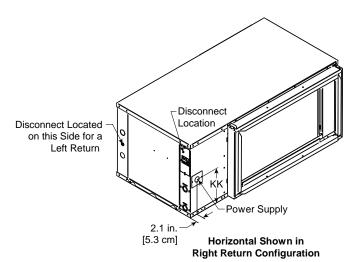
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Horizontal Disconnect

When using disconnect, do not use dimension K from the standard horizontal dimensional data. Use dimension KK from the horizontal disconnect dimensional data.

Horizontal Models	KK
009-012	Externally Mounted
015-018	8.2 [20.8]
024-030	9.2 [23.4]
036	9.2 [23.4]
042-048	11.2 [28.4]
060	10.2 [25.9]
070	11.2 [28.4]

Dimensions in inches [cm] 02/06/13



Installing Horizontal Units

Installing Horizontal Units

Remove and discard the compressor hold down shipping bolt located at the front of the compressor mounting bracket prior to setting the unit in place. Horizontal units are available with side or end discharge.

NOTE: Left (Right) Return Side Discharge cannot be converted to Left (Right) Return End Discharge or vice versa, without additional custom sheet metal parts. Horizontal units are normally suspended from a ceiling by four (009-060 models) or five (070-072 models) 3/8 in. diameter threaded rods. The rods are usually attached to the unit by hanger bracket kits furnished with each unit.

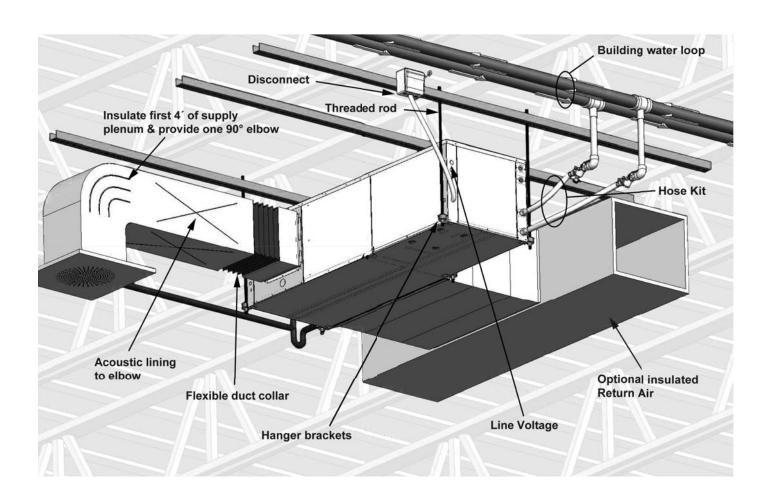
Lay out the threaded rods per the Hanger Bracket Dimensions table. Assemble the hangers to the unit as shown. Securely tighten the brackets to the unit using the weld nuts located on the underside of the bottom panel. When attaching the hanger rods to the bracket, a double nut is required since vibration could loosen a single nut. To allow filter access, install hanger brackets as illustrated in the Hanger Bracket Locations section. The unit

should be pitched approximately 1/4 in. towards the drain in both directions to facilitate the removal of condensate. Use only the bolts provided in the kit to attach hanger brackets. The use of longer bolts could damage internal parts.

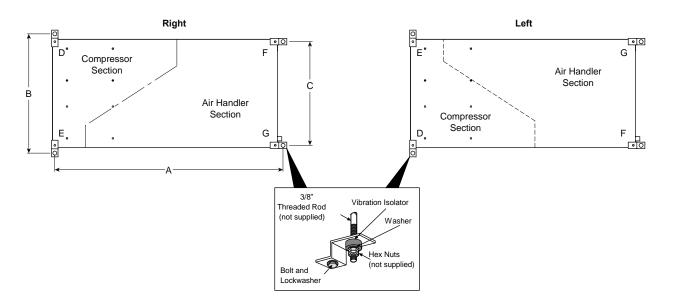
Some applications require the installation of horizontal units on an attic floor. In this case, the unit should be set in a full size secondary drain pan on top of a vibration absorbing pad. The secondary drain pan prevents possible condensate overflow or water leakage damage to the ceiling. The secondary drain pan is usually placed on a plywood base isolated from the ceiling joists by additional layers of vibration absorbing material.



CAUTION: Do not use rods smaller than 3/8 in. diameter since they may not be strong enough to support the unit. The rods must be securely anchored to the ceiling.



Hanger Bracket Locations



Hanger Dimensions

Mode		Hanger Kit	Unit	Hanger Dimen	sions
Wode		Part Number	Α	В	С
009-012	in.	99S500A04	31.7	21.8	18.1
009-012	cm	993300A04	[80.5]	[55.4]	[46.0]
015-023	in.	99S500A04	42.8	25.1	21.4
013-023	cm	993300A04	[108.6]	[63.8]	[54.4]
024-030	in.	99S500A04	42.8	25.1	21.4
024-030	cm	993300A04	[108.7]	[63.8]	[54.4]
036	in.	99S500A04	45.8	25.1	21.4
036	cm	995500A04	[116.3]	[63.8]	[54.4]
042-048	in.	99S500A04	48.8	28.1	24.4
042-046	cm	993300A04	[124.0]	[71.4]	[62.0]
060	in.	99S500A04	53.8	28.1	24.4
000	cm	993300A04	[136.7]	[71.4]	[62.0]
070	in.	99S500A04	61.8	28.1	24.4
070	cm	993300A04	[157.0]	[71.4]	[62.0]
•			•	•	10/29/13

Weight Distribution

		Vertical	Horizontal	Horizo	ntal Weig	ght Distri	bution
Мо	del	Shipping	Shipping	Fre	ont	Ва	ck
		Weight	Weight	D	E	F	G
009	lb.	110	120	46	23	26	25
009	kg	[50]	[54]	[21]	[11]	[12]	[11]
012	lb.	115	125	48	24	27	26
012	kg	[52]	[57]	[22]	[11]	[12]	[12]
015	lb.	165	175	67	34	37	36
015	kg	[75]	[79]	[31]	[15]	[17]	[17]
018	lb.	170	180	69	35	38	38
010	kg	[77]	[82]	[31]	[16]	[17]	[17]
023	lb.	na	185	71	36	39	39
023	kg	na	[84]	[32]	[16]	[18]	[17]
024	lb.	230	245	94	47	52	51
024	kg	[104]	[111]	[43]	[22]	[24]	[23]
030	lb.	240	255	98	49	54	53
030	kg	[109]	[116]	[44]	[22]	[25]	[24]
036	lb.	265	285	110	55	61	59
030	kg	[120]	[129]	[50]	[25]	[28]	[27]
041	lb.	275	na	na	na	na	na
041	kg	[125]	na	na	na	na	na
042	lb.	285	300	115	58	64	63
042	kg	[129]	[136]	[52]	[26]	[29]	[28]
048	lb.	290	310	119	60	66	65
040	kg	[132]	[141]	[54]	[27]	[30]	[29]
060	lb.	335	360	138	70	77	75
000	kg	[152]	[163]	[63]	[32]	[35]	[34]
070	lb.	380	405	156	78	86	84
0/0	kg	[172]	[184]	[71]	[36]	[39]	[38]

11/10/09

Duct System

An air outlet collar is provided on vertical top flow units and all horizontal units to facilitate a duct connection. A flexible connector is recommended for discharge and return air duct connections on metal duct systems. Uninsulated duct should be insulated with a minimum of 1-inch duct insulation. Application of the unit to uninsulated ductwork in an unconditioned space is not recommended as the unit's performance will be adversely affected.

If the unit is connected to existing ductwork, check the duct system to ensure that it has the capacity to accommodate the air required for the unit application. If the duct is too small, as in the replacement of heating only systems, larger ductwork should be installed. All existing ductwork should be checked for leaks and repaired if necessary.

The duct system should be sized to handle the design airflow quietly and efficiently. To maximize sound attenuation of the unit blower, the supply and return plenums should include an internal duct liner of fiberglass or constructed of ductboard for the first few feet. On systems employing a sheet metal duct system, canvas connectors should be used between the unit and the ductwork. If air noise or excessive airflow is a problem, the blower speed can be changed.



CAUTION: Be sure to remove the shipping material from the blower discharge before connecting ductwork.

Water Piping

The proper water flow must be provided to each unit whenever the unit operates. To assure proper flow, use pressure/temperature ports to determine the flow rate. These ports should be located at the supply and return water connections on the unit. The proper flow rate cannot be accurately set without measuring the water pressure drop through the refrigerant-to-water heat exchanger.

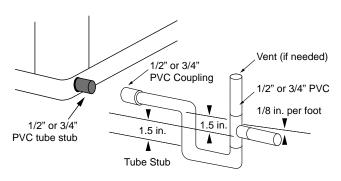
All source water connections on commercial units are fittings that accept a male pipe thread (MPT). Insert the connectors by hand, then tighten the fitting with a wrench to provide a leakproof joint. When connecting to an open loop (groundwater) system, thread any copper MPT fitting into the connector and tighten in the same manner as described above.

Condensate Drain

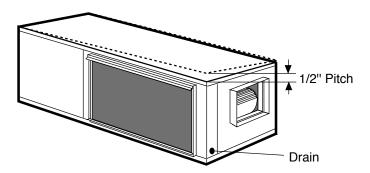
On vertical units, the internal condensate drain assembly consists of a drain tube which is connected to the drain pan, a 3/4 in. PVC female adapter and a flexible connecting hose. The female adapter may exit either the front or the side of the cabinet. The adapter should be glued to the field-installed PVC condensate piping. On vertical units, a condensate hose is inside all cabinets as a trapping loop; therefore, an external trap is not necessary.

On horizontal units, a PVC stub or stainless steel tube is provided for condensate drain piping connection. An external trap is required (see below). If a vent is necessary, an open stand pipe may be applied to a tee in the field-installed condensate piping.

Horizontal Drain Connection (Composite Drain Pan)



Unit Pitch for Drain



Water Quality

In ground water situations where scaling could be heavy or where biological growth such as iron bacteria will be present, a closed loop system is recommended. The heat exchanger coils in ground water systems may, over a period of time, lose heat exchange capabilities due to a buildup of mineral deposits inside. These can be cleaned, but only by a qualified service mechanic, as special solutions and pumping equipment are required. Hot water generator coils can likewise become scaled and possibly plugged.

In areas with extremely hard water, the owner should be informed that the heat exchanger may require occasional flushing. Failure to adhere to the guidelines in the water quality table could result in loss of warranty.

Units with cupronickel heat exchangers are recommended for open loop applications due to the increased resistance to build-up and corrosion, along with reduced wear caused by acid cleaning.

Material		Copper	90/10 Cupronickel	316 Stainless Steel	
pН	Acidity/Alkalinity	7 - 9	7 - 9	7 - 9	
Scaling	Calcium and Magnesium Carbonate	(Total Hardness) less than 350 ppm	(Total Hardness) less than 350 ppm	(Total Hardness) less than 350 ppm	
	Hydrogen Sulfide	Less than 0.5 ppm (rotten egg smell appears at 0.5 ppm)	10 - 50 ppm	Less than 1 ppm	
	Sulfates	Less than 125 ppm	Less than 125 ppm	Less than 200 ppm	
	Chlorine	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	
	Chlorides	Less than 20 ppm	Less than 125 ppm	Less than 300 ppm	
	Carbon Dioxide	Less than 50 ppm	10 - 50 ppm	10 - 50 ppm	
Corrosion	Ammonia	Less than 2 ppm	Less than 2 ppm	Less than 20 ppm	
	Ammonia Chloride	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	
	Ammonia Nitrate	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	
	Ammonia Hydroxide	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	
	Ammonia Sulfate	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	
	Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	Less than 1000 ppm	1000 - 1500 ppm	1000 - 1500 ppm	
	LSI Index	+0.5 to -0.5	+0.5 to -0.5	+0.5 to -0.5	
Iron Fouling	Iron, FE ² + (Ferrous) Bacterial Iron Potential	< 0.2 ppm	< 0.2 ppm	< 0.2 ppm	
(Biological Growth)	Iron Oxide	Less than 1 ppm, above this level deposition will occur	Less than 1 ppm, above this level deposition will occur	Less than 1 ppm, above this level deposition will occur	
Erosion	Suspended Solids	Less than 10 ppm and filtered for max. of 600 micron size	Less than 10 ppm and filtered for max. of 600 micron size	Less than 10 ppm and filtered for max. of 600 micron size	
Erosion	Threshold Velocity (Fresh Water)	< 6 ft/sec	< 6 ft/sec	< 6 ft/sec	

NOTES: Grains = ppm divided by 17 mg/L is equivalent to ppm

2/22/12

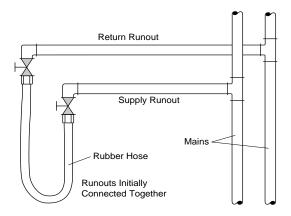
System Cleaning and Flushing

Cleaning and Flushing

Prior to start up of any heat pump, the water circulating system must be cleaned and flushed of all dirt and debris.

If the system is equipped with water shutoff valves, the supply and return runouts must be connected together at each unit location (This will prevent the introduction of dirt into the unit, see Flushing with Water Shutoff Valve Equipped Systems illustration). The system should be filled at the water make-up connection with all air vents open. After filling, vents should be closed.

Flushing with Water Shutoff Valve Equipped Systems



The contractor should start the main circulator with the pressure reducing valve makeup open. Vents should be checked in sequence to bleed off any trapped air and to verify circulation through all components of the system.

As water circulates through the system, the contractor should check and repair any leaks found in the piping system. Drain(s) at the lowest point(s) in the system should be opened for initial flush and blowdown, making sure water fill valves are set at the same rate. Check the pressure gauge at the pump suction and manually adjust the make-up water valve to hold the same positive pressure both before and after opening the drain valves. Flushing should continue for at least two hours, or longer if required, until drain water is clean and clear.

The supplemental heater and/or circulator pump, if used, should be shut off. All drains and vents should be opened to completely drain the system. Short-circuited supply and return runouts should now be connected to the unit supply and return connections.

Refill the system with clean water. Test the system water for acidity and treat as required to leave the water slightly alkaline (pH 7.5 to 8.5). The specified percentage of antifreeze may also be added at this time. Use commercial grade antifreeze designed for HVAC systems only. Environol™ brand antifreeze is recommended.

Once the system has been filled with clean water and antifreeze (if used), precautions should be taken to protect the system from dirty water conditions. Dirty water will result in system-wide degradation of performance, and solids may clog valves, strainers, flow regulators, etc. Additionally, the heat exchanger may become clogged which reduces compressor service life and can cause premature unit failure.

In boiler/tower application, set the loop control panel set points to desired temperatures. Supply power to all motors and start the circulating pumps. After full flow has been established through all components including the heat rejector (regardless of season), air vented and loop temperatures stabilized, each of the units will be ready for check, test and start up and for air and water balancing.

Ground Source Loop System Checkout

Once piping is completed between the unit pumping system and ground loop, final purging and charging of the loop is needed. A high pressure pump is needed to achieve adequate flow velocity in the loop to purge air and dirt particles from the loop itself. Antifreeze solution is used in most areas to prevent freezing. Flush the system adequately to remove as much air as possible; then pressurize the loop to a static pressure of 40-50 PSI (summer) or 50-75 PSI (winter). This is normally adequate for good system operation. Loop static pressure may decrease soon after initial installation, due to pipe expansion and loop temperature change. Running the unit for at least 30 minutes after the system has been completely purged of air will allow for the "break-in" period. It may be necessary to adjust static loop pressure (by adding water) after the unit has run for the first time. Loop static pressure will also fluctuate with the seasons. Pressures will be higher in the winter months than during the cooling season. This fluctuation is normal and should be considered when charging the system initially.

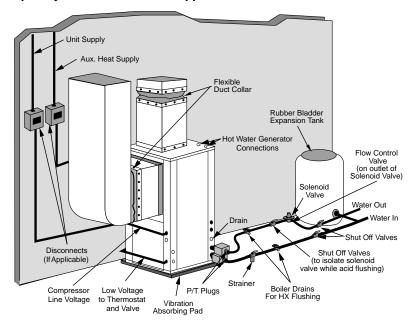
Ensure the pump provides adequate flow through the unit by checking pressure drop across the heat exchanger.
Usually 2.25-3.0 GPM of flow per ton of cooling capacity is recommended in earth loop applications.

Open Loop Ground Water Systems

Typical open loop piping is shown below. Always maintain water pressure in the heat exchanger by placing water control valves at the outlet of the unit to prevent mineral precipitation. Use a closed, bladder-type expansion tank to minimize mineral formation due to air exposure. Insure proper water flow through the unit by checking pressure drop across the heat exchanger and comparing it to the figures in unit capacity data tables in the specification catalog. 1.5-2 GPM of flow per ton of cooling capacity is recommended in open loop applications. Due to only minor differences in flow rate from low to high, only one solenoid valve should be used. The valve should be sized for full flow.

Discharge water from the unit is not contaminated in any manner and can be disposed of in various ways, depending on local codes, i.e. recharge well, storm sewer, drain field, adjacent stream or pond, etc. Most local codes forbid the use of sanitary sewer for disposal. Consult your local building and zoning departments to assure compliance in your area.

Open System - Groundwater Application

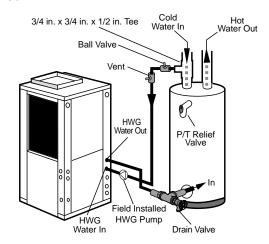


Hot Water Generator Connections

The heat reclaiming hot water generator coil is of vented doublewall copper construction and is suitable for potable water.

To maximize the benefits of the hot water generator a minimum 50-gallon water heater is recommended. For higher demand applications, use an 80-gallon water heater or two 50-gallon water heaters connected in a series as shown below. Electric water heaters are recommended. Make sure all local electrical and plumbing codes are met for installing a hot water generator. A water softener is recommended with hard water (greater than 10 grains or 170 total hardness).

Typical Hot Water Generator Installation

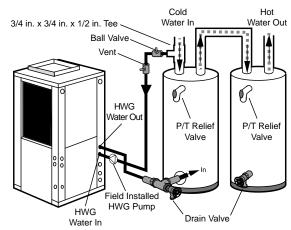


Water Tank Preparation

To install a unit with a hot water generator, follow these installation guidelines.

- 1. Turn off the power to the water heater.
- Attach a water hose to the water tank drain connection and run the other end of the hose to an open drain or outdoors.
- 3. Close the cold water inlet valve to the water heater tank.
- Drain the tank by opening the valve on the bottom of the tank, then open the pressure relief valve or hot water faucet.
- Flush the tank by opening the cold water inlet valve to the water heater to free the tank of sediments. Close when draining water is clear.
- Disconnect the garden hose and remove the drain valve from the water heater.
- Refer to Plumbing Installation and Hot Water Generator Startup.

Hot Water Generator Installation In Preheat Tank



NOTE: This configuration maximizes hot water generator capability.



CAUTION: Elements will burn out if energized dry.

Plumbing Installation

- Inspect the dip tube in the water heater cold inlet for a check valve. If a check valve is present it must be removed or damage to the hot water generator circulator will occur.
- 2. Remove drain valve and fitting.
- 3. Thread the 3/4-inch NPT x 3-1/2-inch brass nipple into the water heater drain port.
- Attach the center port of the 3/4-inch FPT tee to the opposite end of the brass nipple.
- Attach the 1/2-inch copper to 3/4-inch NPT adaptor to the side of the tee closest to the unit.
- 6. Install the drain valve on the tee opposite the adaptor.
- Run interconnecting tubing from the tee to HWG water out.
- 8. Cut the cold water "IN" line going to the water heater.

- Insert the reducing solder tee in line with cold water "IN" line as shown.
- 10. Run interconnecting copper tubing between the unit DHW water "IN" and the tee (1/2-inch nominal). The recommended maximum distance is 50 feet.
- 11. To prevent air entrapment in the system, install a vent coupling at the highest point of the interconnecting lines.
- 12. Insulate all exposed surfaces of both connecting water lines with 3/8-inch wall closed cell insulation.

NOTE: All plumbing and piping connections must comply with local plumbing codes.

Hot Water Generator Connections cont.

Hot Water Generator Startup

- 1. Make sure the power is off to the heat pump. Connect the wire from the hot water generator pump to T1 on the contactor.
- 2. Close the drain valve to the water heater.
- 3. Open the cold water supply to the tank.
- Open a hot water faucet in the building to bleed air from the system. Close when full.
- 5. Open the pressure relief valve to bleed any remaining air from the tank, then close.
- If so equipped, turn the venting (burping) screw in the center of the pump two (2) turns open (water will drip out), wait until all air is purged from the pump, then tighten the plug. Use vent couplings to bleed air from the lines.
- Carefully inspect all plumbing for water leaks and correct as required.
- Before restoring electrical supply to the water heater, adjust the temperature setting on the tank.
 - On tanks with both upper and lower elements, the lower element should be turned down to the lowest setting, approximately 100°F. The upper element should be adjusted to 120°F to 130°F. Depending upon the specific needs of the customer, you may want to adjust the upper element differently.
 - On tanks with a single element, lower the thermostat setting to 120°F.
- After the thermostat(s) is adjusted, replace the access cover and restore electrical supply to the water heater.

- Make sure that any valves in the hot water generator circuit are open.
- 11. Turn on the unit to heating.
- 12. The HWG pump should be running. When the pump is first started, turn the venting (burping) screw (if equipped) in the center of the pump two (2) turns open until water dribbles out, then replace. Allow the pump to run for at least five minutes to ensure that water has filled the circulator properly.
- 13. The temperature difference between the water entering and leaving the hot water generator should be 5°F to 15°F. The water flow should be approximately 0.4 gpm per ton of nominal cooling.
- 14. Allow the unit to heat water for 15 to 20 minutes to be sure operation is normal.



CAUTION: Never operate the HWG circulating pump while dry. If the unit is placed in operation before the hot water generator piping is connected, be sure that the pump wires are disconnected from the contactor.

Freeze Detection

For Versatec board, set SW1-2 on the printed circuit board for applications using a closed loop antifreeze solution to "LOOP" (15°F) [-9.4°C]. On applications using an open loop/ground water system (or closed loop no antifreeze), set this dip switch to "WELL" (30°F) [-1.1°C], the factory default setting. (Refer to the Dip Switch Field Selection table).

For FX10 board, the "red" wire must be removed from PB2-3 to change from "WELL", the factory default setting, to "LOOP".

Electrical Connections

General

Be sure the available power is the same voltage and phase as that shown on the unit serial plate. Line and low voltage wiring must be done in accordance with local codes or the National Electric Code, whichever is applicable.

Unit Power Connection

Connect the incoming line voltage wires to L1 and L2 of the contactor for single-phase unit. Consult the Unit Electrical Data for correct fuse sizes.

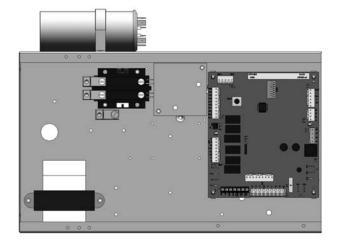
208 Volt Operation

All Z Series 208/230 units are factory wired for 230 volt operation. For 208 volt operation, the red and blue transformer wires must be switched on terminal strip PS.

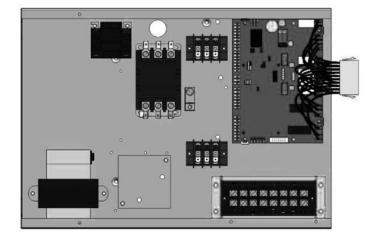


CAUTION: When installing a unit with an ECM blower motor in 460/60/3 voltage, a neutral wire is required to allow proper unit operation.

Aurora Base Control Box



FX10 Control Box



Electrical Data

PSC Motor

Madal	Rated	Voltage		Comp	ressor		Blower	Total	Min	Max Fuso/
Model	Voltage	Min/Max	мсс	RLA	LRA	LRA**	Motor FLA	Unit FLA	Circ Amp	Fuse/ HACR
009	208-230/60/1	187/253	6.4	4.1	21.0	n/a	0.6	4.7	5.7	10/15
009	265/60/1	238/292	6.7	4.3	22.0	n/a	0.6	4.9	6.0	10/15
012	208-230/60/1	187/253	7.7	4.9	25.0	n/a	0.6	5.5	6.7	10/15
	265/60/1	238/292	7.0	4.5	22.0	n/a	0.6	5.1	6.2	10/15
015	208-230/60/1	187/253	9.2	5.9	29.0	n/a	1.1	7.0	8.5	10/15
	265/60/1	238/292	7.8	5.0	28.0	n/a	1.0	6.0	7.2	10/15
018	208-230/60/1	187/253	10.4	6.7	33.5	13.4	1.1	7.8	9.5	15
	265/60/1 208-230/60/1	238/292 187/253	8.7 21.0	5.6 13.5	28.0 58.3	n/a 23.3	1.0	6.6 14.7	8.0 18.1	10/15 30
	265/60/1	238/292	14.0	9.0	54.0	n/a	1.1	10.1	12.4	20
023	208-230/60/3	187/253	11.0	7.1	55.0	33.0	1.2	8.3	10.1	15
	460/60/3	414/506	5.5	3.5	28.0	16.8	0.6	4.1	5.0	10/15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	21.0	13.5	58.3	23.3	1.2	14.7	18.1	30
	265/60/1	238/292	14.0	9.0	54.0	n/a	1.1	10.1	12.4	20
024	208-230/60/3	187/253	11.0	7.1	55.0	33.0	1.2	8.3	10.1	15
	460/60/3	414/506	5.5	3.5	28.0	16.8	0.6	4.1	5.0	10/15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	21.0	13.5	58.3	23.3	1.5	15.0	18.4	30
	265/60/1	238/292	14.0	9.0	54.0	n/a	1.5	10.5	12.8	20
024*	208-230/60/3	187/253	11.0	7.1	55.0	33.0	1.5	8.6	10.4	15
	460/60/3	414/506	5.5	3.5	28.0	16.8	1.0	4.5	5.4	10/15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	22.0	14.1	73.0	29.2	1.5	15.6	19.1	30
030	265/60/1	238/292	17.5	11.2	60.0	n/a	1.5	12.7	15.5	25
030	208-230/60/3	187/253	13.9	8.9	58.0	34.8	1.5	10.4	12.6	20
	460/60/3	414/506	6.5	4.2	28.0	16.8	1.0	5.2	6.3	10/15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	22.0	14.1	73.0	29.2	2.2	16.3	19.8	30
030*	265/60/1	238/292	17.5	11.2	60.0	n/a	2.0	13.2	16.0	25
030	208-230/60/3	187/253	13.9	8.9	58.0	34.8	2.2	11.1	13.3	20
	460/60/3	414/506	6.5	4.2	28.0	16.8	1.1	5.3	6.4	10/15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	27.0	17.3	96.7	38.7	2.2	19.5	23.8	40
036	265/60/1	238/292	19.0	12.2	72.0	n/a	1.1	13.3	16.3	20
•	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	2.2	15.0	18.2	30
	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	1.1	7.5	9.1	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	31.0	20.0	115.0	46.0	3.5	23.5	28.5	45
041	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	3.5	16.3	19.5	30
	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	1.8	8.2	9.8	15
	575/60/3 208-230/60/1	517/633	8.5 31.0	5.4 20.0	38.0 115.0	n/a 46.0	1.4 3.5	6.8 23.5	8.2 28.5	10/15 45
	208-230/60/3	187/253 187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	3.5	16.3	19.5	30
042	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	1.8	8.2	9.8	15
	575/60/3	517/633	8.5	5.4	38.0	n/a	1.4	6.8	8.2	10/15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	31.0	20.0	115.0	46.0	4.6	24.6	29.6	45
	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	4.6	17.4	20.6	30
042*	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	2.3	8.7	10.3	15
	575/60/3	517/633	8.5	5.4	38.0	n/a	1.9	7.3	8.7	10/15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	32.0	21.0	115.0	46.0	3.5	24.5	29.8	50
048	208-230/60/3	187/253	25.0	16.0	115.0	69.0	3.5	19.5	23.5	35
	460/60/3	414/506	12.0	7.7	50.0	30.0	1.8	9.5	11.4	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	32.0	21.0	115.0	46.0	4.6	25.6	30.9	50
0.40*	208-230/60/3	187/253	25.0	16.0	115.0	69.0	4.6	20.6	24.6	40
048*	460/60/3	414/506	12.0	7.7	50.0	30.0	2.3	10.0	11.9	15
	575/60/3	517/633	10.0	6.4	40.0	n/a	1.9	8.3	9.9	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	41.0	26.3	150.0	60.0	5.9	32.3	38.8	60
060	208-230/60/3	187/253	27.5	17.6	120.0	72.0	5.9	23.5	27.9	45
	460/60/3	414/506	13.0	8.3	70.0	42.0	3.0	11.3	13.4	20
	575/60/3	517/633	11.5	7.4	53.0	n/a	1.9	9.3	11.2	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	47.0	30.1	145.0	58.0	5.9	36.0	43.5	70
070	208-230/60/3	187/253	28.0	17.3	120.0	72.0	5.9	23.2	27.5	40
0/0	460/60/3	414/506	15.0	9.6	70.0	42.0	3.0	12.6	15.0	20
	575/60/3	517/633	12.5	8.0	53.0	n/a	1.9	9.9	11.9	15

NOTE: High-static option not available on all model sizes.

05/21/13

HACR circuit breaker in USA only

* With optional high-static PSC motor

** With optional GeoStart™

Electrical Data cont.

5-Speed ECM Motor

	5.4.134.14	Voltage		Comp	ressor	Blower	Total	Min	Max	
Model	Rated Voltage	Min/Max	MCC	RLA	LRA	LRA**	Motor FLA	Unit FLA	Circ Amp	Fuse HAC
015	208-230/60/1	187/253	9.2	5.9	29.0	n/a	4.1	10.0	11.5	15
015	265/60/1	238/292	7.8	5.0	28.0	n/a	3.6	8.6	9.9	10/1
018	208-230/60/1	187/253	10.4	6.7	33.5	13.4	4.1	10.8	12.5	15
010	265/60/1	238/292	8.7	5.6	28.0	n/a	3.6	9.2	10.6	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	21.0	13.5	58.3	23.3	4.1	17.6	21.0	30
000	265/60/1	238/292	14.0	9.0	54.0	n/a	3.6	12.6	14.9	20
023	208-230/60/3	187/253	11.0	7.1	55.0	33.0	4.1	11.2	13.0	20
	460/60/3	414/506	5.5	3.5	28.0	16.8	2.1	5.6	6.5	10/1
	208-230/60/1	187/253	21.0	13.5	58.3	23.3	4.1	17.6	21.0	30
004	265/60/1	238/292	14.0	9.0	54.0	n/a	3.6	12.6	14.9	20
024	208-230/60/3	187/253	11.0	7.1	55.0	33.0	4.1	11.2	13.0	20
	460/60/3	414/506	5.5	3.5	28.0	16.8	2.1	5.6	6.5	10/1
	208-230/60/1	187/253	22.0	14.1	73.0	29.2	4.1	18.2	21.7	35
	265/60/1	238/292	17.5	11.2	60.0	n/a	3.6	14.8	17.6	25
030	208-230/60/3	187/253	13.9	8.9	58.0	34.8	4.1	13.0	15.2	20
	460/60/3	414/506	6.5	4.2	28.0	16.8	2.1	6.3	7.4	10/1
	208-230/60/1	187/253	27.0	17.3	96.7	38.7	4.1	21.4	25.7	40
	265/60/1	238/292	19.0	12.2	72.0	n/a	3.6	15.8	18.9	30
036	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	4.1	16.9	20.1	30
	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	2.1	8.5	10.1	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	31.0	20.0	115.0	46.0	7.6	27.6	32.6	50
041	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	7.6	20.4	23.6	30
	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	4.0	10.4	12.0	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	31.0	20.0	115.0	46.0	7.6	27.6	32.6	50
042	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	7.6	20.4	23.6	30
	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	4.0	10.4	12.0	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	32.0	21.0	115.0	46.0	7.6	28.6	33.9	50
048	208-230/60/3	187/253	25.0	16.0	115.0	69.0	7.6	23.6	27.6	40
	460/60/3	414/506	12.0	7.7	50.0	30.0	4.0	11.7	13.6	20
	208-230/60/1	187/253	41.0	26.3	150.0	60.0	7.6	33.9	40.5	60
060	208-230/60/3	187/253	27.5	17.6	120.0	72.0	7.6	25.2	29.6	45
	460/60/3	414/506	13.0	8.3	70.0	42.0	4.0	12.3	14.4	25
	208-230/60/1	187/253	47.0	30.1	145.0	58.0	7.6	37.7	45.2	70
070	208-230/60/3	187/253	28.0	17.3	120.0	72.0	7.6	24.9	29.2	45
	460/60/3	414/506	15.0	9.6	70.0	42.0	4.0	13.6	16.0	25

HACR circuit breaker in USA only ** With optional GeoStart™

Electrical Data cont.

Variable Speed ECM Motor

	Rated	Voltage		Comp	ressor		Blower	Total	Min	Max
Model	Voltage	Min/Max	мсс	RLA	LRA	LRA**	Motor FLA	Unit FLA	Circ Amp	Fuse HACI
04.5	208-230/60/1	187/253	9.2	5.9	29.0	n/a	4.0	9.9	11.4	15
015	265/60/1	238/292	7.8	5.0	28.0	n/a	4.1	9.1	10.3	15
018	208-230/60/1	187/253	10.4	6.7	33.5	13.4	4.0	10.7	12.4	15
010	265/60/1	238/292	8.7	5.6	28.0	n/a	4.1	9.7	11.1	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	21.0	13.5	58.3	23.3	4.0	17.5	20.9	30
023	265/60/1	238/292	14.0	9.0	54.0	n/a	4.1	13.1	15.4	20
023	208-230/60/3	187/253	11.0	7.1	55.0	33.0	4.0	11.1	12.9	15
	460/60/3	414/506	5.5	3.5	28.0	16.8	4.1	7.6	8.5	10/1
	208-230/60/1	187/253	21.0	13.5	58.3	23.3	4.0	17.5	20.9	30
004	265/60/1	238/292	14.0	9.0	54.0	n/a	4.1	13.1	15.4	20
024	208-230/60/3	187/253	11.0	7.1	55.0	33.0	4.0	11.1	12.9	15
	460/60/3	414/506	5.5	3.5	28.0	16.8	4.1	7.6	8.5	10/1
	208-230/60/1	187/253	22.0	14.1	73.0	29.2	4.0	18.1	21.6	35
020	265/60/1	238/292	17.5	11.2	60.0	n/a	4.1	15.3	18.1	25
030	208-230/60/3	187/253	13.9	8.9	58.0	34.8	4.0	12.9	15.1	20
	460/60/3	414/506	6.5	4.2	28.0	16.8	4.1	8.3	9.4	10/1
	208-230/60/1	187/253	27.0	17.3	96.7	38.7	4.0	21.3	25.6	40
036	265/60/1	238/292	19.0	12.2	72.0	n/a	4.1	16.3	19.3	30
	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	4.0	16.8	20.0	30
	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	4.1	10.5	12.1	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	31.0	20.0	115.0	46.0	4.0	24.0	29.0	45
041	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	4.0	16.8	20.0	30
	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	4.1	10.5	12.1	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	31.0	20.0	115.0	46.0	4.0	24.0	29.0	45
042	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	4.0	16.8	20.0	30
	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	4.1	10.5	12.1	15
	208-230/60/1	187/253	31.0	20.0	115.0	46.0	7.0	27.0	32.0	50
042*	208-230/60/3	187/253	20.0	12.8	95.0	57.0	7.0	19.8	23.0	35
	460/60/3	414/506	10.0	6.4	45.0	27.0	6.9	13.3	14.9	20
	208-230/60/1	187/253	32.0	21.0	115.0	46.0	4.0	25.0	30.3	50
048	208-230/60/3	187/253	25.0	16.0	115.0	69.0	4.0	20.0	24.0	40
	460/60/3	414/506	12.0	7.7	50.0	30.0	4.1	11.8	13.7	20
	208-230/60/1	187/253	32.0	21.0	115.0	46.0	7.0	28.0	33.3	50
048*	208-230/60/3	187/253	25.0	16.0	115.0	69.0	7.0	23.0	27.0	40
	460/60/3	414/506	12.0	7.7	50.0	30.0	6.9	14.6	16.5	20
	208-230/60/1	187/253	41.0	26.3	150.0	60.0	7.0	33.3	39.9	60
060	208-230/60/3	187/253	27.5	17.6	120.0	72.0	7.0	24.6	29.0	45
	460/60/3	414/506	13.0	8.3	70.0	42.0	6.9	15.2	17.3	25
	208-230/60/1	187/253	47.0	30.1	145.0	58.0	7.0	37.1	44.6	70
070	208-230/60/3	187/253	28.0	17.3	120.0	72.0	7.0	24.9	29.4	45
	460/60/3	414/506	15.0	9.6	70.0	42.0	6.9	16.5	18.9	25



CAUTION: When installing a unit with a variable speed ECM blower motor in 460/60/3 voltage, a neutral wire is required to allow proper unit operation.

^{*} With optional 1 HP ECM motor ** With optional GeoStart™

Blower Performance Data

Standard PSC Motor

	Blower	Blower	Motor						Airflov	v (cfm) at	Externa	Static P	ressure (in. wg)					
Model	Spd	Size	hp	0	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00
	Н			530	515	500	485	470	450	430	405	385	355	330	-	-	-	-	-
ا ا	МН		4440	475	460	450	435	420	405	385	365	345	320	300	-	-	-	-	-
009	ML*	6 x 8	1/10	435	420	410	395	380	365	345	325	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i i	L			370	355	340	325	310	290	275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Н			530	515	500	485	470	450	430	405	385	355	330	-	-	-	-	-
	MH*			475	460	450	435	420	405	385	365	345	320	300	-	-	-	-	-
012	ML	6 x 8	1/10	435	420	410	395	380	365	345	325	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i i	L			370	355	340	325	310	290	275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Н			875	860	845	830	820	805	790	770	750	725	700	-	-	-	-	-
015	М	9 x 7	1/6	760	750	740	730	720	710	700	680	660	640	620	-	-	-	-	-
i i	L			630	620	610	600	590	580	570	560	550	520	490	-	-	-	-	-
	Н			875	860	845	830	820	805	790	770	750	725	700	-	-	-	-	-
018	М	9 x 7	1/6	760	750	740	730	720	710	700	680	660	640	620	-	-	-	-	-
i i	L			630	620	610	600	590	580	570	560	550	520	490	-	-	-	-	-
	Н			1020	990	960	930	900	870	850	830	800	770	690	-	-	-	-	-
023	М	9 x 7	1/5	960	840	820	800	780	760	740	720	690	670	-	-	-	-	-	-
i i	L			720	700	680	650	640	620	600	580	570	550	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Н			1065	1045	1030	1005	975	950	925	900	870	835	800	-	-	-	-	-
024	М	9 x 7	1/5	880	865	850	830	815	795	775	750	725	700	670	-	-	-	-	-
i i	L			805	790	780	765	745	725	710	685	660	630	600	-	-	-	-	-
	Н			1240	1220	1200	1175	1150	1110	1080	1055	1030	975	920	840	730	-	-	-
030	М	9 x 7	1/3	1095	1085	1080	1060	1045	1020	995	960	925	885	850	785	675	-	-	-
i i	L			860	860	855	850	850	845	845	825	805	775	750	680	-	-	-	-
	Н			1360	1340	1320	1290	1260	1220	1185	1130	1080	1045	1010	910	855	-	-	-
036	М	9 x 7	1/2	1205	1190	1170	1145	1120	1085	1050	1015	980	940	900	845	-	-	-	-
i i	L			1070	1060	1050	1035	1020	995	970	940	910	875	840	780	-	-	-	-
	Н			1655	1635	1615	1590	1570	1535	1500	1425	1350	1270	1185	1080	970	-	-	-
041	М	10x10	1/2	1470	1455	1445	1425	1410	1380	1350	1285	1240	1205	1170	905	-	-	-	-
i i	L			1150	1140	1130	1110	1090	1050	1010	970	930	900	865	800	-	-	-	-
	Н			1705	1685	1665	1645	1625	1595	1565	1530	1500	1450	1405	1260	1140	-	-	-
042	М	10 x 10	1/2	1485	1475	1465	1445	1430	1410	1390	1350	1315	1260	1210	1110	1010	-	-	-
	L			1180	1165	1150	1135	1120	1090	1060	1030	1000	965	920	855	-	-	-	-
	Н			1930	1910	1885	1860	1830	1790	1750	1710	1665	1620	1580	1280	1235	-	-	-
048	М	10 x 10	1/2	1580	1565	1550	1535	1525	1505	1485	1445	1410	1310	1215	1130	1030	-	-	-
L l	L			1180	1170	1160	1140	1120	1100	1080	1050	1020	970	930	875	-	-	-	-
	Н			2360	2330	2300	2270	2240	2215	2190	2160	2130	2095	2060	1985	1920	1855	-	-
060	М	11 x 10	1	2165	2130	2095	2070	2050	2030	2010	1985	1965	1930	1900	1850	1775	1700	-	-
	L			1965	1940	1920	1900	1885	1870	1855	1825	1800	1780	1760	1720	1625	1530	-	-
	Н			2450	2435	2420	2395	2370	2340	2310	2280	2250	2225	2200	2040	2000	1950	-	-
070	М	11 x 10	1	2215	2190	2170	2155	2140	2120	2095	2070	2045	2015	1990	1940	1876	1795	-	-
	L			2005	1990	1975	1960	1950	1940	1925	1910	1890	1865	1845	1780	1710	1565	-	-

Factory settings are in Bold

7/6/10

Airflow values are with dry coil and standard filter

For wet coil performance first calculate the face velocity of the air coil (Face Velocity [fpm] = Airflow [cfm] / Face Area [sq ft]). Then for velocities of 200 fpm reduce the static capability by 0.03 in. wg, 300 fpm by 0.08 in. wg, 400 fpm by 0.12in. wg. and 500 fpm by 0.16 in. wg.

Optional High Static PSC Motor

Mandal	Blower	Blower	r Motor						Airflov	v (cfm) at	Externa	Static P	ressure (in. wg)					
Model	Spd	Size	hp	0	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00
	Н			1240	1220	1200	1175	1150	1110	1080	1055	1030	975	920	840	730	-	-	-
024	M	9 x 7	1/3	1095	1085	1080	1060	1045	1020	995	960	925	885	850	785	675	-	-	-
	L			860	860	855	850	850	845	845	825	805	775	750	680	-	-	-	-
	Н			1340	1320	1300	1270	1240	1200	1160	1115	1070	1025	985	880	-	-	-	-
030	M	9 x 7	1/2	1185	1175	1165	1130	1095	1065	1035	1000	965	920	880	795	-	-	-	-
	L			1050	1040	1030	1015	1000	980	960	925	895	855	815	-	-	-	-	-
	Н			2095	2080	2060	2020	1980	1950	1920	1880	1840	1780	1725	1550	1335	1120	-	-
042	М	10 x 10	3/4	1960	1940	1920	1890	1865	1830	1800	1760	1725	1670	1620	1435	1300	-	-	-
	L			1800	1780	1760	1740	1725	1695	1670	1625	1585	1525	1465	1300	1200	-	-	-
	Н			2095	2080	2060	2020	1980	1950	1920	1880	1840	1780	1725	1550	1335	1120	-	-
048	М	10 x 10	3/4	1960	1940	1920	1890	1865	1830	1800	1760	1725	1670	1620	1435	1300	-	-	-
	L			1800	1780	1760	1740	1725	1695	1670	1625	1585	1525	1465	1300	1200	-	-	-

Factory settings are in Bold

7/6/10

Airflow values are with dry coil and standard filter

For wet coil performance first calculate the face velocity of the air coil (Face Velocity [fpm] = Airflow [cfm] / Face Area [sq ft]).

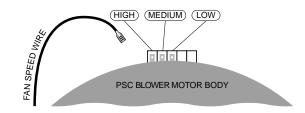
Then for velocities of 200 fpm reduce the static capability by 0.03 in. wg, 300 fpm by 0.08 in. wg, 400 fpm by 0.12in. wg. and 500 fpm by 0.16 in. wg.

^{*} Setting for 265 V operation.

Setting Blower Speed - PSC



CAUTION: Disconnect all power before performing this operation.



Blower Performance Data cont.

5-Speed ECM Motor

	Motor	Motor	Blower	Motor						Airflow	(cfm) at	Externa	Static P	ressure	(in. wg)					
Model	Speed	Тар	Size	HP	0	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50	0.60	0.70	0.80	0.90	1.00
	High	5			915	895	880	865	850	830	815	805	795	775	750	730	695	640	-	-
	Med High	4	İ		805	785	765	750	740	725	705	685	665	655	635	605	535	-	-	-
015	Med	3	9 x 7	1/2	725	715	700	680	660	635	615	600	585	560	535	485	-	-	-	-
i i	Med Low	2	i		695	675	650	630	610	590	575	550	525	490	455	-	-	-	-	-
i i	Low	1	ĺ		655	600	550	530	508	490	475	435	395	350	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	5			915	895	880	865	850	830	815	805	795	775	750	730	695	640	-	-
i i	Med High	4	ĺ		805	785	765	750	740	725	705	685	665	655	635	605	535	-	-	-
018	Med	3	9 x 7	1/2	725	715	700	680	660	635	615	600	585	560	535	485	-	-	-	-
i i	Med Low	2	ĺ		695	675	650	630	610	590	575	550	525	490	455	-	-	-	-	-
i i	Low	1	ĺ		655	600	550	530	508	490	475	435	395	350	-	-	-	-	-	-
	High	5			980	960	940	930	920	905	890	875	860	840	820	800	745	-	-	-
i i	Med High	4	ĺ		890	878	865	845	825	813	800	785	770	753	735	710	665	-	-	-
023	Med	3	9 x 7	1/2	830	815	800	788	775	755	735	723	710	690	670	640	600	-	-	-
i i	Med Low	2	ĺ		780	760	740	703	665	653	640	620	600	585	570	-	-	-	-	-
i i	Low	1	ĺ		625	593	560	535	510	495	480	455	430	410	390	-	-	-	-	-
	High	5			980	960	940	930	920	905	890	875	860	840	820	800	745	-	-	-
	Med High	4			890	878	865	845	825	813	800	785	770	753	735	710	665	-	-	-
024	Med	3	9 x 7	1/2	830	815	800	788	775	755	735	723	710	690	670	640	600	-	-	-
	Med Low	2			780	760	740	703	665	653	640	620	600	585	570	-	-	-	-	-
L i	Low	1		<u> </u>	625	593	560	535	510	495	480	455	430	410	390	_				-
	High	5			1340	1310	1280	1240	1200	1170	1140	1095	1050	1015	980	900	800	-	-	-
	Med High	4	ĺ		1130	1115	1100	1085	1070	1057	1044	1022	1000	970	940	870	780	-	-	-
030	Med	3	9 x 7	1/2	1030	1005	980	965	950	935	920	900	880	870	860	830	750	-	-	-
	Med Low	2	ĺ		960	945	930	915	900	885	870	855	840	825	810	790	740	-	-	-
	Low	1	ĺ		790	765	740	725	710	690	670	660	650	630	610	580	500	-	-	-
	High	5			1370	1345	1320	1285	1250	1220	1190	1158	1125	1085	1045	960	-	-	-	-
	Med High	4	ĺ		1265	1253	1240	1220	1200	1175	1150	1120	1090	1053	1015	-	-	-	-	-
036	Med	3	9 x 7	1/2	1160	1143	1125	1113	1100	1085	1070	1055	1040	1020	1000	-	-	-	-	-
	Med Low	2			1110	1095	1080	1065	1050	1038	1025	1008	990	980	970	-	-	-	-	-
	Low	1			825	803	780	770	760	740	720	705	690	670	650	-	-	-	-	-
	High	5			1840	1825	1810	1790	1770	1745	1720	1700	1680	1660	1640	1600	1570	1530	1480	-
	Med High	4			1730	1713	1695	1670	1645	1623	1600	1575	1550	1535	1520	1480	1440	1390	1350	-
041	Med	3	11 x 10	1	1630	1610	1590	1563	1535	1513	1490	1470	1450	1425	1400	1370	1330	1290	-	-
	Med Low	2]		1550	1520	1490	1465	1440	1415	1390	1370	1350	1330	1310	1260	1220	1180	-	-
	Low	1			1380	1340	1300	1275	1250	1225	1200	1175	1150	1125	1100	1030	980	820	-	-
	High	5			1840	1825	1810	1790	1770	1745	1720	1700	1680	1660	1640	1600	1570	1530	1480	-
	Med High	4			1730	1713	1695	1670	1645	1623	1600	1575	1550	1535	1520	1480	1440	1390	1350	-
042	Med	3	11 x 10	1	1630	1610	1590	1563	1535	1513	1490	1470	1450	1425	1400	1370	1330	1290	-	-
	Med Low	2			1550	1520	1490	1465	1440	1415	1390	1370	1350	1330	1310	1260	1220	1180	-	-
	Low	1			1380	1340	1300	1275	1250	1225	1200	1175	1150	1125	1100	1030	980	820	-	-
	High	5			2060	2045	2030	2015	2000	1970	1940	1925	1910	1890	1870	1830	1800	1750	1740	-
	Med High	4			1880	1860	1840	1825	1810	1785	1760	1740	1720	1705	1690	1640	1610	1570	1535	-
048	Med	3	11 x 10	1	1790	1770	1750	1730	1710	1685	1660	1640	1620	1600	1580	1550	1510	1460	-	-
	Med Low	2			1670	1650	1630	1605	1580	1555	1530	1510	1490	1470	1450	1410	1370	1340	-	-
	Low	1			1430	1405	1380	1353	1325	1303	1280	1255	1230	1210	1190	1130	1070	925	-	-
	High	5			2400	2360	2330	2315	2300	2290	2285	2275	2265	2250	2230	2200	2165	2110	2080	2030
l l	Med High	4		١.	2180	2160	2140	2130	2120	2105	2090	2075	2060	2045	2030	2000	1960	1930	1890	1850
060	Med	3	11 x 10	1	2080	2050	2020	2010	2000	1985	1970	1955	1940	1925	1910	1870	1840	1800	1760	1720
	Med Low	2			1930	1920	1910	1893	1875	1863	1850	1833	1815	1798	1780	1740	1700	1660	1620	1590
	Low	1 -			1750	1735	1720	1698	1675	1658	1640	1620	1600	1583	1565	1525	1490	1450	1410	1350
	High	5			2400	2360	2330	2315	2300	2290	2285	2275	2265	2250	2230	2200	2165	2110	2080	2030
	Med High	4			2180	2160	2140	2130	2120	2105	2090	2075	2060	2045	2030	2000	1960	1930	1890	1850
070	Med	3	11 x 10	1	2080	2050	2020	2010	2000	1985	1970	1955	1940	1925	1910	1870	1840	1800	1760	1720
	Med Low	2			1930	1920	1910	1893	1875	1863	1850	1833	1815	1798	1780	1740	1700	1660	1620	1590
	Low	1			1750	1735	1720	1698	1675	1658	1640	1620	1600	1583	1565	1525	1490	1450	1410	1350
Factory	settings a	re in Bo	old																	01/23/13

Factory settings are in Bold

Airflow values are with dry coil and standard 1 in. filter

ISO/AHRI rating point on the US*070 will require moving the red wire on the motor to high speed (tap 5) and disconnecting the tan wire from tap 5.

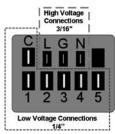
Setting Blower Speed - 5-Speed ECM

5-speed ECM blower motors have five (5) speeds of which three (3) are selectable on single speed and four (4) are selectable on dual capacity.



CAUTION: Disconnect all power before performing this operation.

5-Speed ECM Motor Connections



5-Speed ECM Contant Torque Motors

The 5-speed ECM is a 'Constant Torque' ECM motor and delivers air flow similar to a PSC but operates as efficiently as an variable speed ECM motor. Because it's an ECM Motor, the 5-speed ECM can ramp slowly up or down like the variable speed ECM motor. There are 5 possible speed taps available on the 5-speed motor with #1 being the lowest airflow and #5 being the highest airflow. These speed selections are preset at the time of manufacture and are easily changed in the field if necessary.

5-Speed ECM Benefits:

- High efficiency
- Soft start
- 5 speeds with up to 4 speeds on-line
- Built in logic allows air flow to change with G, Y1, Y2 and W signals
- Super efficient low airflow continuous blower setting (G)

If more than one tap are energized at the same time, built in logic gives precedence to the highest tap number and allows air flow to change with G, Y1, Y2 and W signals. Each of those 5 speeds has a specific 'Torque' value programmed into the motor for each speed selection. As static pressure increases, airflow decreases resulting in less torque on the rotor. The motor responds only to changes in torque and adjusts its speed accordingly.

The 5-speed motor is powered by line voltage but the motor speed is energized by 24VAC.

Power Connection - 3/16 in. quick connects - Line 1 (orange wire) to L, Ground (green wire) to G, Line 2 (for 208V-230V units) to N (brown wire).

Signal Connection - 1/4 in. quick connects - Common to C, 24VAC to Taps #1-5.

Applying 24VAC power between any of the motor taps 1-5 (1/4 in. quick connects) and common will signal the motor to run and regulate torque at the programmed level. The tap input voltage must be in the range 12-33VAC. The 5-speed ECM will have less variation over the operating static pressure range versus a PSC motor as well as a significant watts reduction due to the high motor efficiency.

Thermal Protection - Motor is electronically protected.

Locked Rotor Amps - If motor speed decreases below a programmed stall speed, the motor will shut down and after a delay period, the control will attempt to restart the motor.

The 5-speed ECM speed tap selections are as follows: The blue wire should be placed on the speed tap desired for the (G) continuous blower setting – factory wired to Tap 1.

The red wire should be placed on the speed tap desired during compressor operation (Y1 signal) – factory wired to Tap 3 or 4.

The gray wire is not factory wired to the motor and is tied to the wire harness. It is field connected and can be used with 3ht/2cl thermostats or IntelliZone to deliver the required air flow for the Y2 signal.

The tan wire should be placed on the speed tap desired for auxiliary heat (W signal) – factory wired to Tap 5.

Blower Performance Data cont.

Variable Speed ECM Motor

Model	Max					Ai	rflow DIP S	witch Settin	gs				
wodei	esp	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
015	0.50	300	400	500	600	700							
013	0.50	L		M	Н								
018	0.50	300	400	500	600	700	800						
010	0.50		L		М	Н							
023	0.50		400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200		
023	0.50			L	М		Н						
024	0.50		400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200		
024	0.50			L	М		Н						
030	0.50		400	500	600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200		
030	0.50			L		М		Н					
036	0.50				600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1150	1225	1300
030	0.50					L		М		Н			
041	0.50	650	750	850	950	1050	1150	1250	1325	1375	1475	1550	1600
041	0.50			L		М			Н				
042	0.50	650	750	850	950	1050	1150	1250	1325	1375	1475	1550	1600
042	0.50			L		М			Н				
042	0.75	800	1000	1100	1300	1500	1600	1800					
w/1hp*	0.73	L	M		Н								
048	0.50	650	750	850	950	1050	1150	1250	1325	1375	1475	1550	1600
040	0.50					L		М				Н	
048	0.75	800	1000	1100	1300	1500	1600	1800					
w/1hp*	0.73		L		М	Н							
060	0.75	750	900	1000	1200	1400	1600	1700	1850	2000	2200	2300	2400
000	0.73				L	М			Н				
070	0.75	800	950	1100	1300	1500	1750	1950	2100	2300			
070	0.75			L			M		Н				

Factory settings are at recommended L-M-H DIP switch locations.

11/10/09

Shaded regions are recommended for best performance. It is acceptable to operate outside of this area as long as the WSHP operates within the guidlines of the Operating Limits table and Correction Factor tables.

Lowest and Highest DIP switch settings are assumed to be L and H respectively.

CFM is controlled within ±5% up to the maximum esp.

Max esp includes allowance for wet coil and standard filter

Blower Performance Data cont.

Setting Blower Speed - Variable Speed ECM

The ABC board's Yellow Config LED will flash the current variable speed ECM blower speed selections for low, med, and high continuously with a short pause in between. The speeds can also be confirmed with the AID Tool under the Setup/ECM Setup screen. The variable speed ECM blower motor speeds can be field adjusted with or without using an AID Tool.

Variable Speed ECM Setup without an AID Tool

The blower speeds for Low (G only), Med (Y1), and High (Y2/Aux) can be adjusted directly at the Aurora ABC board which utilizes the push button (SW1) on the ABC board. This procedure is outlined in the Variable Speed ECM Configuration Mode portion of the Aurora 'Base' Control System section.

Variable Speed ECM Setup with an AID Tool

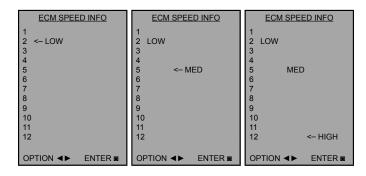
A much easier method utilizes the AID Tool to change the airflow using the procedure below. First navigate to the Setup screen and then select ECM Setup. This screen displays the current variable speed ECM settings. It allows the technician to enter the setup screens to change the variable speed ECM settings. Change the highlighted item using the ◀ and ▶ buttons and then press the ■ button to select the item.

Variable Speed ECM Setup with an AID Tool cont.



Selecting YES will enter variable speed ECM speed setup, while selecting NO will return to the previous screen.

Variable Speed ECM Speed Setup - These screens allow the technician to select the low, medium, and high blower speed for the variable speed ECM blower motor. Change the highlighted item using the ▲ and ▼ buttons. Press the ■ button to select the speed.



After the high speed setting is selected the AID Tool will automatically transfer back to the ECM Setup screen.

Setting Blower Speed - Variable Speed ECM - FX10 Controls

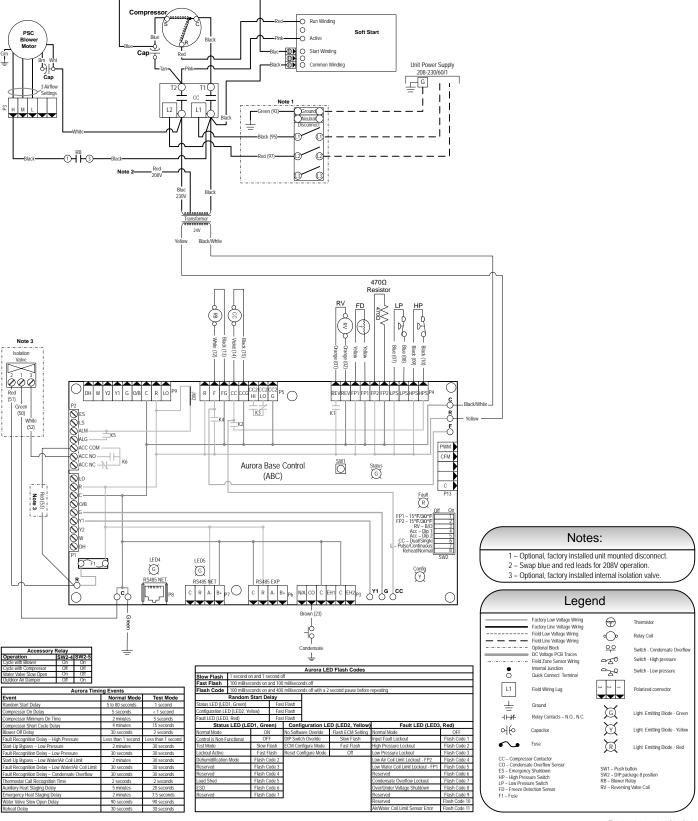
Variable speed ECM blower motors have 12 selectable speeds and are factory set for optimum performance. To change speeds, using a Medium User Interface (MUI) enter the MAINT menu to adjust the 12 soft switches. When applicable, the speed settings may also be adjusted through the Building Automation System (BAS).



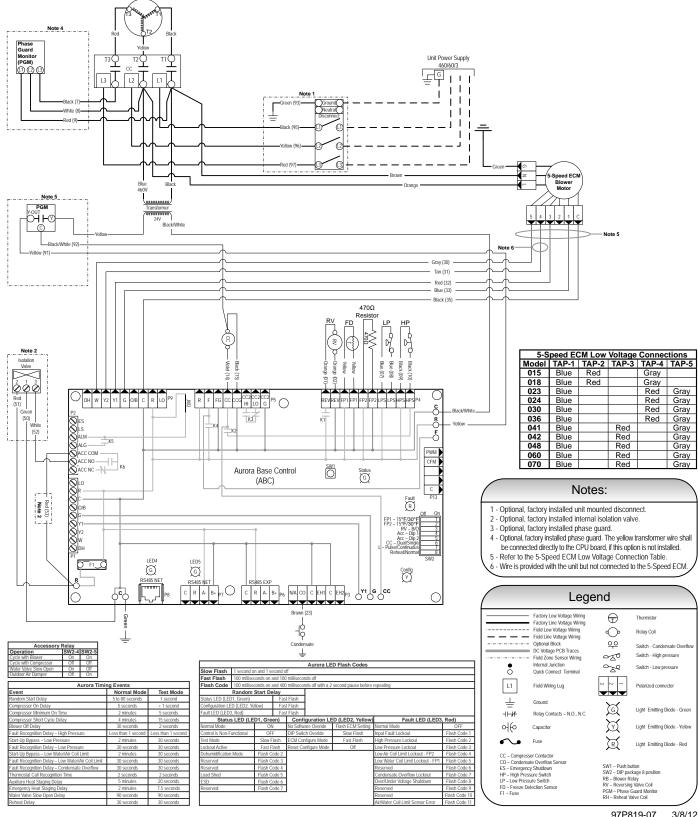
CAUTION: Disconnect all power before performing this operation.

Wiring Schematics

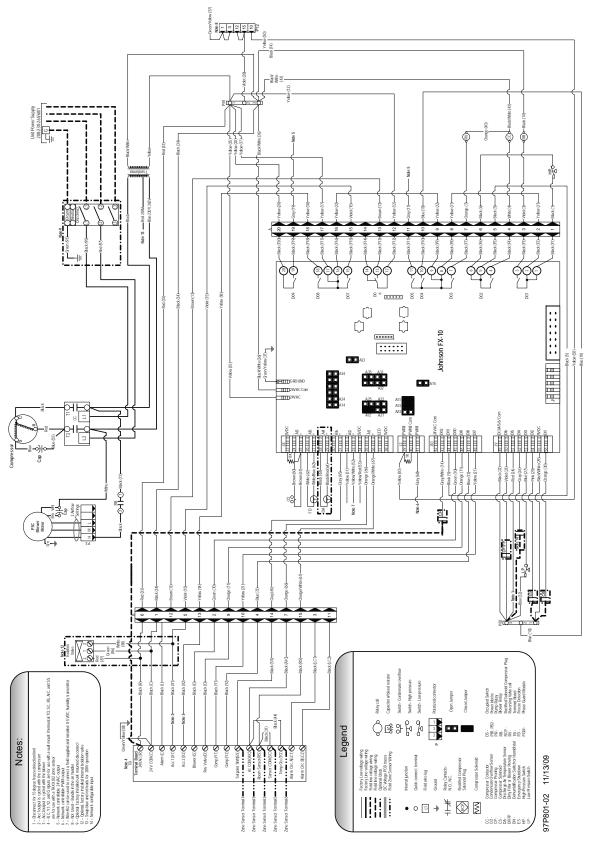
Aurora Base Control 208-230/60/1 PSC with GeoStart



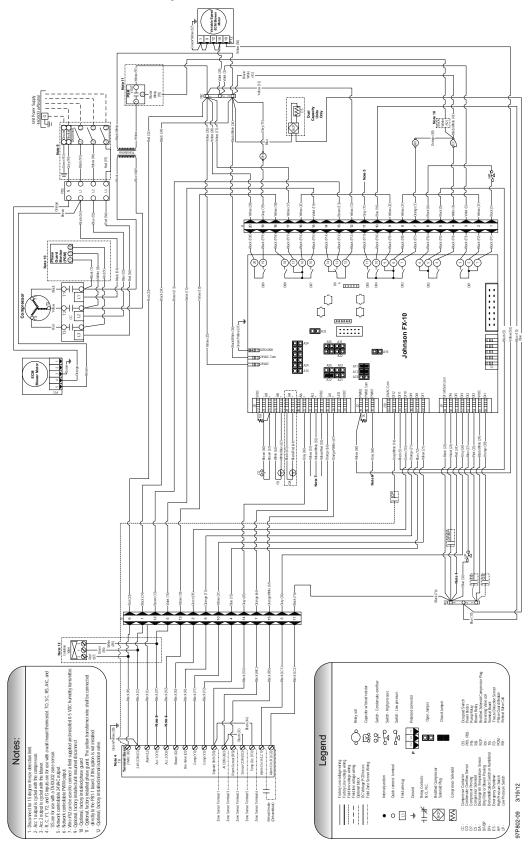
Aurora Base Control 460/60/3 5-Speed ECM



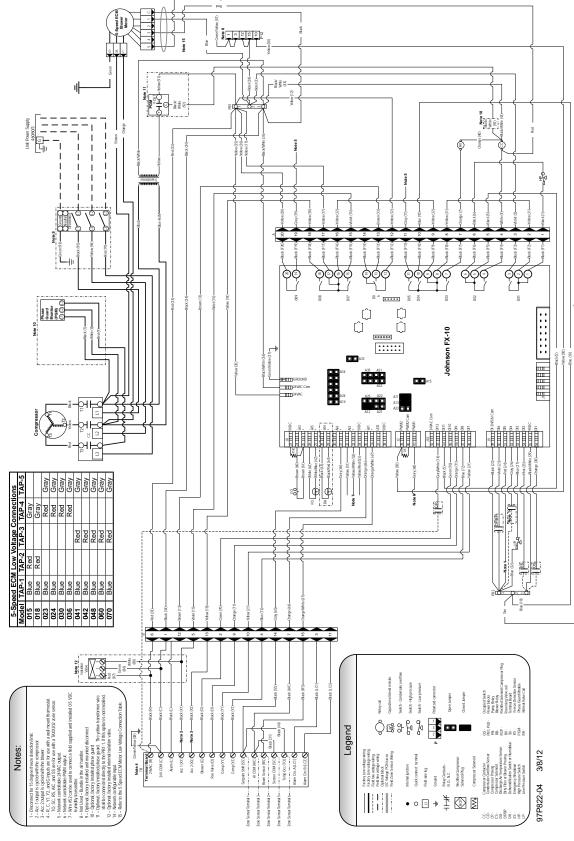
FX10 Control 208-230-265/60/1 PSC



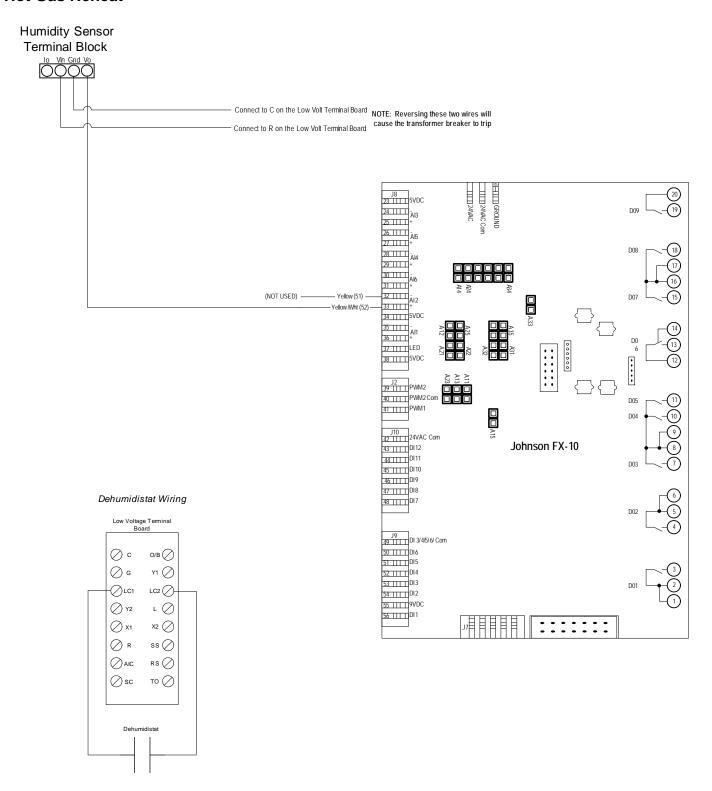
FX10 Control 460/60/3 Variable Speed ECM



FX10 Control 460/60/3 5-Speed ECM



Hot Gas Reheat



Controls - Aurora Base Control

Aurora 'Base' Control



NOTE: Refer to the Aurora Base Control Application and Troubleshooting Guide and the Instruction Guide: Aurora Interface and Diagnostics (AID) Tool for additional information.

Control Features

Software ABC Standard Version 2.0

Single or Dual Capacity Compressors

Either single or dual capacity compressors can be operated.

ECM Blower Motor Option

An ECM blower motor can be driven directly using the onboard PWM output. Four blower speeds are available based upon the G, Y1, Y2, and W input signals to the board. The blower speeds can be changed either by the ECM manual configurations mode method or by using the Aurora AID Tool directly. All four blower speeds can be set to the same speed if desired.

5-Speed ECM Blower Motor Option

A 5-Speed ECM blower motor will be driven directly using the thermostat connections. Any of the G, Y1, or Y2/W signals can drive any of the 5 available pre-programmed blower speeds on the motor.

Other Control Features

- · Random start at power up
- Anti-short cycle protection
- · High and low pressure cutouts
- · Loss of charge
- Water coil freeze detection
- · Air coil freeze detection
- Over/under voltage protection
- Condensate overflow sensor
- Load shed
- · Dehumidification (where applicable)
- · Emergency shutdown
- Hot gas reheat operation (where applicable)
- Diagnostic LED
- · Test mode push button switch
- · Two auxiliary electric heat outputs
- · Alarm output
- · Accessory output with N.O. and N.C.
- · Modbus communication (master)
- Modbus communication (slave)

Field Selectable Options via Hardware

DIP Switch (SW1) – Test/Configuration Button (See SW1 Operation Table)

Test Mode

The control is placed in the test mode by holding the push button switch SW1 for 2 - 5 seconds. In test mode most of the control timings will be shortened by a factor of sixteen (16). LED3 (green) will flash at 1 second on and 1 second off. Additionally, when entering test mode LED1 (red) will flash the last lockout one time. Test mode will automatically time out after 30 minutes. Test mode can be exited by pressing and holding the SW1 button for 2 to 5 seconds or by cycling the power. **NOTE:** Test mode will automatically be exited after 30 minutes.

ECM Configuration Mode

The control is placed in the ECM configuration mode by holding the pushbutton switch SW1 for 5 to 10 seconds, the high, low, and "G" ECM speeds can be selected by following the LED display lights. LED2 (yellow) will fast flash when entering the ECM configuration. When setting "G" speed LED3 (green) will be continuously lit, for low speed LED1 (red) will be continuously lit, and for high speed both LED3 (green) and LED1 (red) will be continuously lit. During the ECM configuration mode LED2 (yellow) will flash each of the 12 possible blower speeds 3 times. When the desired speed is flashed press SW1, LED2 will fast flash until SW1 is released. "G" speed has now been selected. Next select low speed, and high speed blower selections following the same process above. After third selection has been made, the control will exit the ECM configuration mode. Aux fan speed will remain at default or current setting and requires the AID Tool for adjustment.

Reset Configuration Mode

The control is placed in reset configuration mode by holding the push button switch SW1 for 50 to 60 seconds. This will reset all configuration settings and the EEPROM back to the factory default settings. LED3 (green) will turn off when entering reset configuration mode. Once LED3 (green) turns off, release SW1 and the control will reset.

DIP Switch (SW2)

SW2-1 FP1 Selection – Low water coil temperature limit setting for freeze detection. On = 30°F; Off = 15°F.

SW2-2 FP2 Selection – On = 30°F; Off = N/A

SW2-3 RV – O/B - thermostat type. Heat pump thermostats with "O" output in cooling or "B" output in Heating can be selected. On = O: Off = B.

SW2-4 Access Relay Operation (P2)

and 2-5

Access Relay Operation	SW2-4	SW2-5
Cycle with Blower	ON	ON
Cycle with Compressor	OFF	OFF
Water Valve Slow Opening	ON	OFF
Cycle with Comm. T-stat Hum Cmd	OFF	ON

Controls - Aurora Base Control cont.

Cycle with Blower - The accessory relay will cycle with the blower output.

Cycle with Compressor - The accessory relay will cycle with the compressor output.

Water Valve Slow Opening - The accessory relay will cycle and delay both the blower and compressor output for 90 seconds.

SW2-6 CC Operation – selection of single or dual capacity compressor. On = Single Stage; Off = Dual Capacity

SW2-7 Lockout and Alarm Outputs (P2) – selection of a continuous or pulsed output for both the LO and ALM Outputs. On = Continuous; Off = Pulsed

SW2-8 Future Use

Alarm Jumper Clip Selection

From the factory, ALM is connected to 24 VAC via JW2. By cutting JW2, ALM becomes a dry contact connected to ALG.

ECM Blower Speeds

The blower speeds can be changed either by using the ECM manual configurations mode method or by using the Aurora AID Tool directly (see Instruction Guide: Aurora Interface and Diagnostics (AID) Tool topic).

Field Selectable Options via Software

(Selectable via the Aurora AID Tool)

ECM Blower Speeds

An ECM blower motor can be driven directly using the onboard PWM output. Four blower speeds are available, based upon the "G", Y1 (low), Y2 (high), and Aux input signals to the board. The blower speeds can be changed either by the ECM manual configurations mode method (see ECM Configuration Mode topic) or by using the Aurora AID Tool directly. All four blower speeds can be set to the same speed if desired. Aux blower speed will remain at default or current setting and requires the AID Tool for adjustment.

Safety Features

The following safety features are provided to protect the compressor, heat exchangers, wiring and other components from damage caused by operation outside of design conditions.

Fuse – a 3 amp automotive type plug-in fuse provides protection against short circuit or overload conditions.

Anti-Short Cycle Protection – 4 minute anti-short cycle protection for the compressor.

Random Start – 5 to 80 second random start upon power up.

Fault Retry – in the fault condition, the control will stage off the outputs and then "try again" to satisfy the thermostat Y input call. Once the thermostat input calls are satisfied, the control will continue on as if no fault occurred. If 3 consecutive faults occur without satisfying the thermostat Y input call, then the control will go to Lockout mode.

Lockout – when locked out, the blower will operate continuously in "G" speed, and PSC blower motor output will remain on. The Alarm output (ALM) and Lockout output (L) will be turned on. The fault type identification display LED1 (Red) shall flash the fault code. To reset lockout conditions with SW2-8 On, thermostat inputs "Y1", "Y2", and "W" must be removed for at least 3 seconds. To reset lockout conditions with SW2-8 Off, thermostat inputs "Y1", "Y2", "W", and "DH" must be removed for at least 3 seconds. Lockout may also be reset by turning power off for at least 30 seconds or by enabling the emergency shutdown input for at least 3 seconds.

Lockout With Emergency Heat - if the control is locked out in the heating mode, and a Y2 or W input is received, the control will operate in the emergency heat mode while the compressor is locked out. The first emergency heat output will be energized 10 seconds after the W input is received, and the blower will shift to high speed. If the control remains locked out, and the W input is present, additional stage of emergency heat will stage on after 2 minutes. When the W input is removed, all of the emergency heat outputs will turn off, and the ECM blower will shift to "G" speed and PSC blower motor output will remain on.

High Pressure – fault is recognized when the Normally Closed High Pressure Switch, P4-9/10 opens, no matter how momentarily. The High Pressure Switch is electrically in series with the Compressor Contactor and serves as a hard-wired limit switch if an overpressure condition should occur.

Low Pressure - fault is recognized when the Normally Closed Low Pressure Switch, P4-7/8 is continuously open for 30 seconds. Closure of the LPS any time during the 30 second recognition time restarts the 30 second continuous open requirement. A continuously open LPS shall not be recognized during the 2 minute startup bypass time.

Loss of Charge – fault is recognized when the Normally Closed Low Pressure Switch, P4-7/8 is open prior to the compressor starting.

Condensate Overflow - fault is recognized when the impedance between this line and 24 VAC common or chassis ground drops below 100K ohms for 30 seconds continuously.

Freeze Detection (Coax) - set points shall be either 30°F or 15°F. When the thermistor temperature drops below the selected set point, the control shall begin counting down the 30 seconds delay. If the thermistor value rises above the selected set point, then the count should reset. The resistance value must remain below the selected set point for the entire length of the appropriate delay to be recognized as a fault. This fault will be ignored for the initial 2 minutes of the compressor run time.

Freeze Detection (Air Coil) - uses the FP2 input to protect against ice formation on the air coil. The FP2 input will operate exactly like FP1 except that the set point is 30 degrees and is not field adjustable.

Controls - Aurora Base Control cont.

Over/Under Voltage Shutdown - An over/under voltage condition exists when the control voltage is outside the range of 18 VAC to 30 VAC. If the over/under voltage shutdown lasts for 15 minutes, the lockout and alarm relay will be energized. Over/under voltage shutdown is self-resetting in that if the voltage comes back within range of 18 VAC to 30 VAC for at least 0.5 seconds, then normal operation is restored.

Operation Description

Power Up - The unit will not operate until all the inputs and safety controls are checked for normal conditions. The unit has a 5 to 80 second random start delay at power up. Then the compressor has a 4 minute anti-short cycle delay after the random start delay.

Standby In standby mode, Y1, Y2, W, DH, and G are not active. Input O may be active. The blower and compressor will be off.

Heating Operation

Heating, 1st Stage (Y1) - The blower is started on "G" speed immediately and the compressor is energized 10 seconds after the Y1 input is received. The ECM blower motor is switched to low speed 15 seconds after the Y1 input.

Heating, 2nd Stage (Y1, Y2) - The compressor will be staged to full capacity 20 seconds after Y2 input is received. The ECM blower will shift to high speed 15 seconds after the Y2 input is received.

Heating, 3rd Stage (Y1, Y2, W) - The hot water pump is deenergized and the first stage of electric heat is energized 10 seconds after the W command is received. If the demand continues the second stage of electric heat will be energized after 5 minutes.

Emergency Heat (W) - The blower will be started on "G" speed, 10 seconds later the first stage of electric heat will be turned on. 5 seconds after the first stage of electric heat is energized the blower will shift to Aux speed. If the emergency heat demand is not satisfied after 2 minutes the second electric heat stage will be energized.

Blower (G) - The blower will start immediately upon receiving a thermostat G command. If there are no other commands from the thermostat the ECM will run on "G" speed until the G command is removed. Regardless of blower input (G) from the thermostat, the blower will remain on for 30 seconds at the end of each heating cycle.

Cooling Operation

In all cooling operations, the reversing valve directly tracks the O input. Thus, anytime the O input is present, the reversing valve will be energized.

Cooling, 1st Stage (Y1, O) - The blower is started on "G" speed immediately and the compressor is energized 10 seconds after the Y1 input is received. The ECM blower motor is switched to low speed 15 seconds after the Y1 input.

Cooling, 2nd Stage (Y1, Y2, O) - The compressor will be staged to full capacity 20 seconds after Y2 input is received. The ECM blower will shift to high speed 15 seconds after the Y2 input is received.

Blower (G) - The blower will start immediately upon receiving a thermostat G command. If there are no other commands from the thermostat the ECM will run on "G" speed until the G command is removed. Regardless of blower input (G) from the thermostat, the blower will remain on for 30 seconds at the end of each heating, cooling, and emergency heat cycle.

Dehumidification (Y1, O, DH or Y1, Y2, O, DH) - When a DH command is received from the thermostat during a compressor call for cooling the ECM blower speed will be reduced by 15% to increase dehumidification.

Emergency Shutdown - Four (4) seconds after a valid ES input, P2-7 is present, all control outputs will be turned off and remain off until the emergency shutdown input is no longer present. The first time that the compressor is started after the control exits the emergency shutdown mode, there will be an anti-short cycle delay followed by a random start delay. Input must be tied to common to activate.

Continuous Blower Operation - The blower output will be energized any time the control has a G input present, unless the control has an emergency shutdown input present. The blower output will be turned off when G input is removed.

Load Shed - The LS input disables all outputs with the exception of the blower output. When the LS input has been cleared, the antishort cycle timer and random start timer will be initiated. Input must be tied to common to activate.

Controls - Aurora Base Control cont.

Aurora 'Base' Control LED Displays

These three LEDs display the status, configuration, and fault codes for the control. These can also be read in plain English via the Aurora AID Tool.

Status LED (LED3, Green)

Description of Operation	Fault LED, Green			
Normal Mode	ON			
Control is Non-functional	OFF			
Test Mode	Slow Flash			
Lockout Active	Fast Flash			
Dehumidification Mode	Flash Code 2			
(Future Use)	Flash Code 3			
(Future Use)	Flash Code 4			
Load Shed	Flash Code 5			
ESD	Flash Code 6			
(Future Use)	Flash Code 7			

Configuration LED (LED2, Yellow)

Description of Operation	Configuration LED, Yellow		
No Software Overwritten	Flashing ECM Setting		
DIP Switch was Overwritten	Slow Flash		
ECM Configuration Mode	Fast Flash		

Fault LED (LED1, Red)

Red Fault LED		LED Flash Code*	Lockout	Reset/Remove	
	Normal - No Faults	OFF	-		
ι	Fault - Input	1	No	Auto	
Faults	Fault - High Pressure	2	Yes	Hard or Soft	
l iii	Fault - Low Pressure	3	Yes	Hard or Soft	
Basic	Fault - Freeze Detection FP2	4	Yes	Hard or Soft	
Ba	Fault - Freeze Detection FP1	5	Yes	Hard or Soft	
ABC	Fault - Condensate Overflow	7	Yes	Hard or Soft	
⋖	Fault - Over/Under Voltage	8	No	Auto	
	Fault - FP1 & FP2 Sensor Error	11	Yes	Hard or Soft	

NOTE: All codes >11 use long flash for tens digit and short flash for the ones digit. 20, 30, 40, 50, etc. are skipped.

Aurora Interface and Diagnostics (AID) Tool

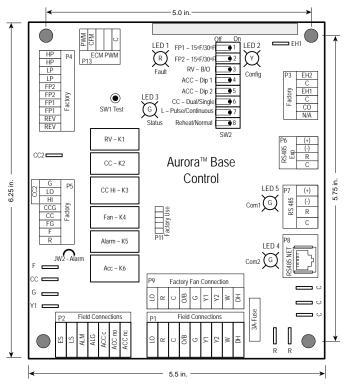
The Aurora Interface and Diagnostics (AID) Tool is a device that is a member of the Aurora network. The AID Tool is used to troubleshoot equipment which uses the Aurora control via Modbus RTU communication. The AID Tool provides diagnostics, fault management,



ECM setup, and system

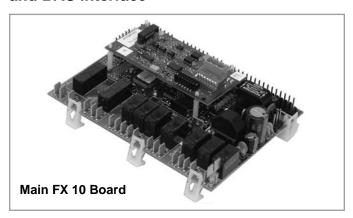
configuration capabilities to the Aurora family of controls. An AID Tool is recommended, although not required, for ECM airflow settings. The AID Tool simply plugs into the exterior of the cabinet in the AID Tool port.

ABC Control Board Layout



Controls - FX10 (optional)

Optional FX10 Microprocessor and BAS Interface



The FX10 is a microprocessor based control that not only monitors and controls the heat pump but also can communicate any of this information back to the building automation system (BAS). This means that not only does the control monitor the heat pump at the unit you can also monitor and control many the features over the BAS. This clearly puts the FX10 in a class of its own.

The control will enumerate all fault conditions (HP, LP, CO, LOC, and Freeze Detection) over a BAS as well as display them on a medium user interface (MUI). HP, LP, CO and Freeze Detection faults can all be reset over a BAS. A Loss Of Charge fault can not be reset or bypassed until the problem has been corrected. A MUI is invaluable as a service tool for the building service team.

The unit can be commanded to run by a typical heat pump thermostat or run based on heating and cooling set points supplied by a BAS. The control board is wired with quick connect harnesses for easy field change out of a bad control board. All variable speed ECM blower speed settings can be changed over a BAS or with a MUI. The control has an input programmed to enable field installed emergency heat in the event that the compressor is locked out. This input can also be commanded on from a BAS as needed. An alarm history can be viewed through the MUI and will be held in memory until the unit is power cycled. Relative humidity can be read by a 0-5VDC humidity sensor that is displayed over the network. If you are using a variable speed ECM blower motor the control can enable dehumidification mode based on a set point in the control. The dehumidification set point itself can also be changed over a BAS or with a MUI. Dehumidification mode can also be enabled by the BAS. Because the FX10 is not factory configured to read CO2 levels, contact the factory for application assistance.

The FX10 control has unused analog and digital inputs for field installed items such as air temperature, water temperature, CO² or current status switches. The control has unused binary and PWM outputs that can be commanded over the BAS for field use.

An optional Medium User Interface (MUI) for control setup and advanced diagnostics is available with some mounting kits, MUIK3 - Panel mount version and the MUIK4-Wall mount version.

Zone Sensors

There are two options for zone sensors that can be used with the FX10 control. Both sensors use a Johnson controls A99 positive temperature coefficient type sensor. The TAXXJ02 has a set point adjustment now which will give the end user a +/- 5°F adjustment from the set point as well as a push button that can be used for temporary occupancy. The control leaves the factory set to operate with a TAXXJ02 sensor, the TAXXA04 sensor through a building automation system, or with a user interface.

Standard Features

- Anti Short Cycle
- · High Pressure Protection
- Low Pressure Protection
- · Freeze Detection
- Loss Of Charge Detection
- · Random Start
- Display for diagnostics
- · Reset Lockout at disconnect or through BAS
- 2 Accessory outputs
- Optional BAS add-on controls

DDC Operation and Connection

Other optional network protocol boards that can be added to the FX10 are:

- · Johnson Control N2
- · LonWorks
- BACnet
 - MS/TP @ 19,200 Baud rate
 - Limit devices to 30 on a single trunk line

Control and Safety Feature Details Emergency Shutdown

The emergency shutdown mode can be activated by a command from a facility management system or a closed contact on BI-2. The default state for the emergency shutdown data point is off. When the emergency shutdown mode is activated, all outputs will be turned off immediately and will remain off until the emergency shutdown mode is de-activated. The first time the compressor starts after the emergency shutdown mode has been de-activated, there will be a random start delay present.

Lockout Mode

Lockout mode can be activated by any of the following fault signals: refrigerant system high pressure, refrigerant system low pressure, freeze detection, and condensate overflow. When any valid fault signal remains continuously active for the length of its recognition delay, the controller will go into fault retry mode, which will turn off the compressor. After the Compressor short cycle delay, the compressor will attempt to operate once again. If three consecutive faults occur in 60 minutes during a single heating or cooling demand, the unit will go into lockout mode, turning off the compressor, enabling the alarm output, and setting the blower back to low speed operation until the controller is reset. If the control faults due to the low pressure input (BI-3) being open during the pre-compressor startup check, the control will go into lockout mode immediately, disabling the compressor from starting and enabling the alarm output (BO-6). The lockout condition can be reset by powering down the controller, by a command from the BAS, or by the holding the ESC and Return keys on the MUI for 5 seconds.



Freeze Detection (AI-5)

The freeze detection sensor will monitor the liquid refrigerant temperature entering the water coil in the heating mode. If the temperature drops below the freeze detection trip point for the recognition delay period, the condition will be recognized as a fault. The freeze detection trip point will be factory set for 30°F (-1°C) and will be field selectable for 15°F (-9°C) by removing a jumper wire on BI-5. The freeze detection fault condition will be bypassed 2 minutes at normal compressor startup, to allow the refrigeration circuit to stabilize. If the freeze detection sensor becomes unreliable at any time compressor operation will immediately be suspended until the problem is corrected. This should be displayed as an alarm on the BAS and the MUI. This alarm will be reported as a "Water Low Temp Limit" fault.

High Pressure (BI-11)

The high-pressure switch shall be a normally closed (NC) switch that monitors the systems refrigerant pressure. If the input senses the high-pressure switch is open it must disable the compressor output immediately and count the fault. The compressor minimum on time does not apply if the high-pressure switch opens. The compressor will not restart until the compressor short cycle time delay has been satisfied.

Low Pressure (BI-3)

The low-pressure switch shall be a normally closed (NC) switch that monitors the systems refrigerant pressure. The input shall be checked 15 seconds before compressor start up to be sure the pressure switch is closed and then ignored for the first 2 minutes after the compressor output (BO-2) is enabled. If the switch is open continuously for (30) seconds during compressor operation the compressor output (BO-2) will be disabled. The compressor will not restart until the compressor short cycle time delay has been satisfied.

Condensate Overflow

The condensate overflow sensing circuit will monitor the condensate level as a resistance input to Al-3. If the condensate water level rises resulting in the input resistance rising above the set point for the recognition delay period, the condition will be recognized as a fault. The condensate will be subjected to a (30) second lockout delay which requires that the fault be sensed for a continuous (30) seconds before suspending unit operation.

Alarm Output (BO-6)

The alarm output will be enabled when the control is in the lockout mode and will be disabled when the lockout is reset.

Test Mode

Raising the zone temperature input (Al-1) reading to 180–220°F or by holding the ESC and down arrow keys on the MUI for 5 seconds will put the control into test mode. In test mode the random start delay and the compressor fixed on delay time will both be shortened to 5 seconds and the reversing valve will be allowed to cycle with out shutting down the compressor. If an MUI is connected to the control LED 8 will flash and the words "Test Mode Enabled" will be shown on the LCD display when the control is in test mode. Test mode will be disabled after a power cycle, 30 minute timeout, or by holding the ESC and Up arrow keys on the MUI.

Sequence of Operation Power Fail Restart

When the controller is first powered up, the outputs will be disabled for a random start delay. The delay is provided to prevent simultaneous starting of multiple heat pumps. Once the timer expires, the controller will operate normally.

Random Start Delay

This delay will be used after every power failure, as well as the first time the compressor is started after the control exits the unoccupied mode or the emergency shutdown mode. The delay should not be less than 1 second and not longer than 120 seconds. If the control is in test mode the random start delay will be shortened to 5 seconds.

Compressor Fixed On Delay Time

The Compressor Fixed On Delay Time will ensure that the compressor output (B02) is not enabled for 90 seconds after the control receives a call to start the compressor. This delay is adjustable from 30-300 seconds over a BAS or a MUI. If the control is in test mode the Compressor Fixed On Delay Timer will be shortened to 5 seconds.

Compressor Minimum On Delay

The compressor minimum on delay will ensure that the compressor output is enabled for a minimum of two (2) minute each time the compressor output is enabled. This will apply in every instance except in the event the high pressure switch is tripped or emergency shutdown then the compressor output will be disable immediately.

Compressor Short Cycle Delay Time

The compressor short cycle time delay will ensure that the compressor output will not be enabled for a minimum of five (5) minutes after it is disabled. This allows for the system refrigerant pressures to equalize after the compressor is disabled.

Heating Cycle

On a call for heating, the blower enable output and accessory output 2 will turn on immediately after the random start delay timer has been satisfied. If the compressor short cycle time delay has been satisfied, the compressor will turn on after the blower enable and accessory output 2 are on and the fixed compressor start delay timers have been satisfied. **NOTE:** Auxiliary heat output can be controlled over the BAS.

Set Point Control Mode

In set point control mode the reversing valve output will be disabled. As the temperature drops below the heating set point and begins to operate in the heating proportional band, the compressor (low capacity for two-stage compressors) output (BO-2) will be enabled. For units with two-stage compressors, a PI loop in the programming of the control will determine when the full capacity compressor output (BO-4) is to be enabled. The compressor must be operating in low capacity for a minimum of 30 seconds before the full capacity compressor output can be enabled. During low capacity compressor operation the variable speed ECM blower will operate in medium speed and will operate in high speed when the compressor is operating at full capacity.

Thermostat Control Mode

In thermostat mode the compressor will be cycled based on Y1 and Y2 calls from a room thermostat. When the control receives a Y1 command (BI-7) from the thermostat the low capacity compressor output (BO2) will be enabled and the variable speed ECM blower will operate in medium speed. When the control receives a Y2 command (BI-8) from the thermostat the variable speed ECM blower will operate in high speed. During the heating cycle the reversing valve will be commanded into the off position.

Cooling Cycle

On a call for cooling, the blower enable output and accessory output 2 will turn on immediately after the random start delay timer has been satisfied. If the compressor short cycle time delay has been satisfied, the compressor will turn on after the blower enable and accessory output 2 are on and the fixed compressor start delay timers have been satisfied.

Set Point Control Mode

In set point control mode the reversing valve output will be enabled. As the temperature rises above the cooling set point and begins to operate in the cooling proportional band, the low capacity compressor output (BO-2) will be enabled. A PI loop in the programming of the control will determine when the full capacity compressor output (BO-4) is to be enabled. The compressor must be operating in low capacity for a minimum of 30 seconds before the full capacity compressor output can be enabled. During low capacity compressor operation the variable speed ECM blower will operate in medium speed and will operate in high speed when the compressor is operating at full capacity.

Thermostat Control Mode

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Variable Speed ECM Blower Operation

Blower speeds will be selected through the user interface or the facility management system. There will be a total of 12 speeds selectable with only three being selected at any one time. The lowest numbered speed selection set to ON will select the low-speed blower setting, the middle selection set to ON will select the medium-speed blower setting and the highest selection set to ON will select the high-speed blower setting. If all selections are set to OFF

the software shall select speed setting 10 for low-speed, 11 for medium-speed, and will select speed setting 12 for high speed. If only one selection is set to ON, that selection will set the low-speed blower setting, the medium-speed setting will be 11, and the high-speed setting will be speed 12. The maximum low-speed setting will be speed 3 and the minimum high-speed setting will be speed 3. In addition there is a low limit setting in the software to prevent the variable speed ECM blower speed from being set below acceptable limits for each unit size.

Emergency Heat/Network Enabled Output (BO-5)

This output is set from the factory to enable/disable emergency heat. If a problem occurs with the unit resulting in the compressor being locked out in heating mode, the control will automatically enable this output to turn on field installed electric heat. This output is interlocked with the blower proving input BI-6 (Blower proving sensors must be field supplied and installed). BI-6 must be connected to PB2 position 3 (see unit schematic) in the field if no blower proving sensor is desired. There is a configurable parameter available through a BAS network that must be enabled if this output is to be commanded over the BAS network. **NOTE:** For auto switch over, BO-5 must be set to "Emergency" using the MUI.

MUI Alarm History Reporting

If a fault occurs the fault will be recorded in history for display on the medium user interface in the History Menu. Each fault type will be displayed in the history menu with a number between 0 and 3. A reading of 3+ will mean that fault has occurred more than three times in the past. The history menu can be cleared with a power cycle only. Alarm date and time are not included in the history.

Inputs and Outputs Configuration Field Selectable Options

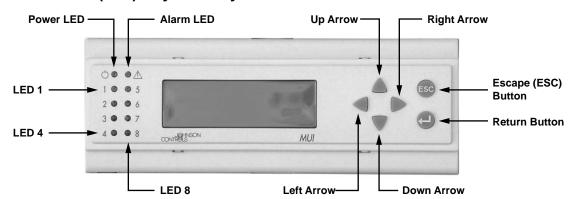
Freeze Detection Set Point (BI-5)

The freeze detection set point input allows you to adjust the freeze detection set point (Al-5). When the jumper is installed on Bl-5 (Wire #24) the freeze detection set point is factory set for 30° F (-1°C). When the jumper on Bl-5 (Wire #24) is removed the freeze detection set point will be 15° F (-9°C).

Accessory Outputs (BO-7 and BO-8)

Accessory Output 1 will be energized 90 seconds prior to the compressor output being energized. Accessory Output 2 will be energized with the blower output (BO-1). When the corresponding compressor output is turned off the accessory output will be deactivated immediately. These outputs are selectable for normally open or normally closed operation through the MUI or through the BAS.

FX10 User Interface (MUI) Physical Layout



Alarm LED - Indicates a Lock-Out or a bad Freeze Sensor

Power LED - Shows FX processor is operational

LED 1 - Flashing shows Compressor 1 running

LED 2 - Flashing shows Full Capacity Compressor running

LED 3 - On shows Fan running

LED 4 - On shows Reversing Valve in cool

LED 8 - Flashing shows unit in 'Test' Mode

MUI Menu Navigation for Single Compressor - Z Series Water-to-Air

Welcome

Info Status Temps Outputs Settings Maint Alarms Alm-History

Info
Water Source
Heat Pump
PROFXENV-XX

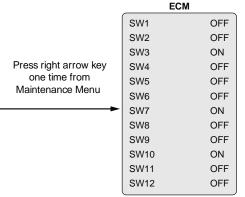
Status						
Run Mode	Auto					
Eff Occup'y	Occ					
Y1 Input	OFF					
Y2 Input	OFF					
G Input	OFF					
O Input	Heat/Cool					
Occ Input	Occ					
Temp Occ Inp	OFF					
Condensate	NML					
Emg Input	Run					
Lo Press	ON					
Hi Press	ON					
Rndm Tmr	0					
BI-4 Input	OFF					

,
.2 ºF
.0 °F
.0°F
.0°F
.8°F
.0°F
7 %RH
.6
!

Outputs	
nvoFanStatus	ON
CmpCmd Status	OFF
Cmp Capacity	OFF
Rev Valve	Heat
X1 Output	OFF
X2 Output	OFF
PWMOut	98%
BO5	OFF
BO9	OFF
AO2 Output	0%

Settings						
Unit of Measure	F					
Occ Clg Setpt	73.9 °F					
Occ Htg Setpt	69.9 °F					
Unocc Clg	84.0 °F					
Unocc Htg	60.0 °F					
DeHumSetpt	0%					
SensorSelect	TAXXJ02					

Maintenance					
MinClgSetpt	60.0 °F				
MaxHtgSetpt	89.9 °F				
W Coil LoLim1	30.0 °F				
W Coil LoLim2	15.0 °F				
TmpOccTime	120 min				
Rev VIv Defa	ault Heating				
BO5 Mode	Network				
CompStrtDly	90 sec				
SpaceT Offset	-1 °F				
DehumEnaDis	Dis				
Acc1 Action	On Comp				
Acc2 Action	On Fan				



No more than three speeds should be "ON" at one time

Alarms

ALARM SUMMARY

^/High Pressure

#Events
0
0
0
0

Bad Sensor

Alm-History

NOTE: This FX10 application implements an **alarm history** which is reset only by cycling power. This history shows on the Alm-History page. Any alarm showing 4+ events has occurred more than 4 times.

Alarm lock-outs are reset by cycling power, by pressing the "ESC" and Return ← keys simultaneously for a minimum of 15 seconds, or by commanding the nviAlarmReset over the BAS network.

Test mode is enabled by holding the 'Esc' and Down Arrow simultaneously for a minimum of 15 seconds and releasing. Test mode times out after 30 minutes, and may also be ended by pressing 'ESC' and Up Arrow simultaneously and releasing . Test Mode bypasses the On Delay (90 sec) and Random Start timers for quicker troubleshooting. It also allows cycling the reversing valve without compressor shutdown.

Unit Startup

Before Powering Unit, Check The Following:

NOTE: Remove and discard the compressor shipping bolts. The bolts can then be discarded.

- · High voltage is correct and matches nameplate.
- · Fuses, breakers and wire size correct.
- · Low voltage wiring complete.
- · Piping completed and water system cleaned and flushed.
- · Air is purged from closed loop system.
- Isolation valves are open, water control valves or loop pumps wired.
- · Condensate line open and correctly pitched.
- · Transformer switched to 208V if applicable.
- · Dip switches are set correctly.
- Blower rotates freely foam shipping support has been removed.
- · Blower speed correct.
- Air filter/cleaner is clean and in position.
- · Service/access panels are in place.
- Return air temperature is between 50-80°F heating and 60-95°F cooling.
- Check air coil cleanliness to insure optimum performance. Clean as needed according to maintenance guidelines. To obtain maximum
 performance the air coil should be cleaned before startup. A 10-percent solution of dishwasher detergent and water is recommended
 for both sides of coil, a thorough water rinse should follow.

Startup Steps

NOTE: Complete the Equipment Start-Up/Commissioning Check Sheet during this procedure. Refer to thermostat operating instructions and complete the startup procedure.

- 1. Initiate a control signal to energize the blower motor. Check blower operation.
- 2. Initiate a control signal to place the unit in the cooling mode. Cooling setpoint must be set below room temperature.
- Cooling will energize after a time delay. Check for correct rotation of scroll compressors in 3 phase applications.
 Incorrect rotation will cause low refrigerant pressures and possibly unusual noise. Switch any two power leads at the compressor or contactor to reverse rotation.
- Be sure that the compressor and water control valve or loop pump(s) are activated.
- Verify that the water flow rate is correct by measuring the pressure drop through the heat exchanger using the P/T plugs and comparing to the pressure drop table.
- 6. Check the temperature of both the supply and discharge water (Refer to Unit Operating Parameters tables).
- 7. Check for an air temperature drop of 15°F to 25°F across the air coil, depending on the blower speed and entering water temperature.
- 8. Decrease the cooling set point several degrees and verify high-speed blower operation (ECM only).
- 9. Adjust the cooling setpoint above the room temperature and verify that the compressor and water valve or loop pumps deactivate.
- 10. Initiate a control signal to place the unit in the heating mode. Heating set point must be set above room temperature.
- 11. Heating will energize after a time delay.
- 12. Check the temperature of both the supply and discharge water (Refer to Unit Operating Parameters tables).
- 13. Check for an air temperature rise of 20°F to 35°F across the air coil, depending on the blower speed and entering water temperature.
- 14. If auxiliary electric heaters are installed, increase the heating setpoint until the electric heat banks are sequenced on. All stages of the auxiliary heater should be sequenced on when the thermostat is in the Emergency Heat mode. Check amperage of each element.
- 15. Adjust the heating setpoint below room temperature and verify that the compressor and water valve or loop pumps deactivate.
- 16. During all testing, check for excessive vibration, noise or water leaks. Correct or repair as required.
- 17. Set system to desired normal operating mode and set temperature to maintain desired comfort level.
- 18. Instruct the owner/operator in the proper operation of the thermostat and system maintenance.

NOTE: Be certain to fill out and forward all warranty registration papers.

Operating Limits

Operating Limits	Coo	ling	Heating		
Operating Limits	(°F)	(°C)	(°F)	(°C)	
Air Limits					
Min. Ambient Air	45	7.2	45	7.2	
Rated Ambient Air	80	26.7	70	21.1	
Max. Ambient Air	100	37.8	85	29.4	
Min. Entering Air	50	10.0	40	4.4	
Rated Entering Air db/wb	80.6/66.2	27/19	68	20.0	
Max. Entering Air db/wb	110/83	43/28.3	80	26.7	
Water Limits					
Min. Entering Water	30	-1.1	20	-6.7	
Normal Entering Water	50-110	10-43.3	30-70	-1.1	
Max. Entering Water	120	48.9	90	32.2	

NOTE: Minimum/maximum limits are only for start-up conditions, and are meant for bringing the space up to occupancy temperature. Units are not designed to operate at the minimum/maximum conditions on a regular basis. The operating limits are dependant upon three primary factors: 1) water temperature, 2) return air temperature, and 3) ambient temperature. When any of the factors are at the minimum or maximum levels, the other two factors must be at the normal level for proper and reliable unit operation.

Operating Parameters

Entering	Water Flow	Cooling No Hot Water Generation						
Water Temp GPM/Ton	Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pressure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Rise °F	Air Temp Drop °F DB		
30	1.5	100-115	170-190	17 - 26	10 - 14	18 - 22	18 - 22	
30	3.0	95-110	150-170	20 - 29	7 - 11	8 - 10	18 - 22	
50	1.5	133 - 148	205 - 225	17 - 26	10 - 14	18 - 22	18 - 22	
30	3.0	129 - 144	185 - 205	20 - 29	7 - 11	8 - 10	18 - 22	
70	1.5	139 - 154	280 - 300	8 - 11	8 -12	18 - 22	18 - 22	
70	3.0	137 - 152	250 - 270	9 - 12	7 - 11	8 - 10	18 - 22	
00	1.5	143 - 158	360 - 380	8 - 11	9 - 13	18 - 22	16 - 20	
90	3.0	141 - 156	330 - 350	9 - 12	8 - 12	8 - 10	16 - 20	
440	2.3	143 - 158	360 - 380	8 - 11	9 - 13	18 - 22	16 - 20	
110	3.0	141 - 156	440-460	9 - 12	8 - 12	8 - 10	16 - 20	

Entering	Water Flam	Heating No Hot Water Generation					
Water Temp °F	Water Flow GPM/Ton	Suction Pressure PSIG	Discharge Pres- sure PSIG	Superheat	Subcooling	Water Temp Drop °F	Air Temp Rise °F DB
30	1.5	73 - 79	279 - 304	7 - 13	2 - 6	7 -10	18 - 24
30	3.0	79 - 85	285 - 310	8 - 14	2 - 6	3 - 6	20 - 26
50	1.5	103 - 109	308 - 333	8 - 12	4 - 8	8 - 11	20 - 26
50	3.0	110 - 116	315 - 340	9 - 13	4 - 8	4 - 7	22 - 28
70	1.5	140 - 146	330 - 365	10 - 14	7 - 11	11 - 14	26 - 32
70	3.0	146 - 153	340 - 375	10 - 14	7 - 11	7 - 10	28 - 34
	1.5	170-177	425-460	14-18	12-16	8-11	42-50
90	3.0	174-181	435-470	14-18	12-16	8-11	42-50
440	2.3						
110	3.0						

NOTES: Cooling performance based on entering air temperatures of 80°F DB, 67°F WB. Heating performance based on entering air temperature of 70°F DB.

Pressure Drop

Madal			Pres	sure Drop	(psi)	
Model	gpm	30°F	50°F	70°F	90°F	110°F
	1.5	2.0	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.0
000	2.0	3.8	3.2	2.8	2.3	1.8
009	3.0	7.2	6.0	5.1	4.5	4.0
	4.0	12.0	10.0	9.0	7.5	6.0
	1.5	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7
040	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.1	1.8	1.5
012	3.5	3.9	3.6	3.2	2.7	2.3
4.5		5.3	4.9	4.5	3.8	3.5
	2.0	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4
045	3.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.6
015	4.0	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.3
	5.0	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.7
	3.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.6
	4.0	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.3
018	5.0	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.7
	6.0	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.0
	3.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.6
	4.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9
023	6.0	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.0
	8.0	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.2
	3.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.6
024	4.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9
024	6.0	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.0
	8.0	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.2
	4.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5
	6.0	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.5
030	8.0	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3
	10.0	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4
	5.0	1.4	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.5
	7.0	2.5	2.3	2.1	1.8	1.6
036	9.0	6.0	5.8	5.5	5.3	5.1
	12.0	6.6	6.4	6.2	6.0	5.7
	5.0	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.5	0.4
	8.0	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.1
041	11.0	7.9	7.5	7.2	6.9	6.6
	14.0	9.1	8.8	8.5	8.2	7.9
	5.0	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.5	0.4
042	8.0	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.1
042	11.0	7.9	7.5	7.2	6.9	6.6
	14.0	9.1	8.8	8.5	8.2	7.9
	6.0	2.0	1.7	1.3	1.0	0.6
040	9.0	4.2	3.8	3.5	3.1	2.7
048	12.0	6.7	6.3	5.9	5.6	5.2
						ł
	16.0	11.5	11.2	10.8 3.0	10.5	10.1
	9.0	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.3
060	12.0	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.2	4.8
	15.0	9.6	9.2	8.9	8.6	8.3
	20.0	15.5	15.2	14.9	14.5	14.2
	12.0	4.1	3.6	3.2	2.8	2.3
070	15.0	5.9	5.0	4.6	4.1	3.7
	18.0	8.8	8.4	7.9	0.5	7.1
	24.0	12.9	12.0	11.5	11.1	10.7 7/6/10

Valve	gpm	Cv	Pressure
			Drop (psi)
	1.5	9.6	0.02
1/2 in.	2.0	9.7	0.04
	3.0	9.9	0.09
	4.0	10.1	0.16
	1.5	9.6	0.02
1/2 in.	2.5	9.8	0.06
.,	3.5	10.0	0.12
	4.5	10.2	0.19
	2.0	9.7	0.04
1/2 in.	3.0	9.9	0.09
.,	4.0	10.1	0.16
	5.0	10.4	0.23
	3.0	9.9	0.09
1/2 in.	4.0	10.1	0.16
1/2 111.	5.0	10.4	0.23
	6.0	10.6	0.32
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.0	9.9	0.09
3/4 in.	4.5	10.2	0.19
3/4 111.	6.0	10.6	0.32
	8.0	11.0	0.53
	3.0	9.9	0.09
3/4 in.	4.5	10.2	0.19
3/4 III.	6.0	10.6	0.32
	8.0	11.0	0.53
	4.0	10.1	0.16
3/4 in.	6.0	10.6	0.32
3/4 III.	8.0	11.0	0.53
	10.0	11.5	0.76
	5.0	10.4	0.23
0/4 :	7.0	10.8	0.42
3/4 in.	9.0	11.2	0.64
	12.0	11.9	1.02
	5.0	10.4	0.23
0/4.1	8.0	11.0	0.53
3/4 in.	11.0	11.7	0.89
	14.0	12.3	1.29
	5.0	15.9	0.10
4 !	8.0	16.6	0.23
1 in.	11.0	17.2	0.41
	14.0	17.9	0.61
	6.0	16.1	0.14
4.4	9.0	16.8	0.29
1 in.	12.0	17.4	0.47
	16.0	18.3	0.76
	9.0	16.8	0.29
4.	12.0	17.4	0.47
1 in.	15.0	18.1	0.69
	20.0	19.2	1.09
	12.0	17.4	0.47
4.4	15.0	18.1	0.69
1 in.	18.0	18.7	0.92
	24.0	20.1	1.43
	•	•	11/10/09

11/10/09

Reference Calculations

Heating Calculations:	Cooling Calculations:					
LWT = EWT - $\frac{\text{HE}}{\text{GPM x 500}}$	$LWT = EWT + \frac{HR}{GPM \times 500}$					
LAT = EAT + $\frac{HC}{CFM \times 1.08}$	LAT (DB) = EAT (DB) - SC CFM x 1.08					
	LC = TC - SC					
TH = HC + HWC	$S/T = \frac{SC}{TC}$					

Legend

ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS:

GPM = water flow in gallons/minute EER = Energy Efficient Ratio

WPD = water pressure drop, PSI and feet of water = BTU output/Watt input
EAT = entering air temperature, Fahrenheit
COP = Coefficient of Performance

(dry bulb/wet bulb) = BTU output/BTU input

HC = air heating capacity, MBTUH LWT = leaving water temperature, °F = total cooling capacity, MBTUH LAT = leaving air temperature, °F SC = sensible cooling capacity, MBTUH = total heating capacity, MBTUH TH ΚW = total power unit input, kilowatts LC = latent cooling capacity, MBTUH S/T HR = total heat of rejection, MBTUH = sensible to total cooling ratio

Refrigerant Circuit Guideline

Symptom	Head Pressure	Suction Pressure	Compressor Amp Draw	Superheat	Subcooling	Air Temp. Differential	Water Temp. Differential			
Under Charged System (Possible Leak)	Low	Low	Low	High	Low	Low	Low			
Over Charged System	High	High	High	Normal	High	Normal/Low	Normal			
Low Air Flow Heating	High	High	High	High/Normal	Low	High	Low			
Low Air Flow Cooling	Low	Low	Low	Low/Normal	High	High	Low			
Low Water Flow Heating	Low/Normal	Low/Normal	Low	Low	High	Low	High			
Low Water Flow Cooling	High	High	High	High	Low	Low	High			
High Air Flow Heating	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	Low	Low			
High Air Flow Cooling	Low	High	Normal	High	Low	Low	Normal			
High Water Flow Heating	Normal	Low	Normal	High	Normal	Normal	Low			
High Water Flow Cooling	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	Normal	Low			
Low Indoor Air Temperature Heating	Low	Low	Low	Normal	High	Normal	Normal/High			
Low Indoor Air Temperature Cooling	Low	Low	Low	Normal/Low	High	Low	Low			
High Indoor Air Temperature Heating	High	High	High	Normal/High	Normal/Low	Low	Normal			
High Indoor Air Temperature Cooling	High	High	High	High	Low	Low	High			
Restricted TXV (Check Service Advisory)	High	Low	Normal/Low	High	High	Low	Low			
Insufficient Compressor (Possible Bad Valves)	Low	High	Low	High	Normal/High	Low	Low			
TXV - Bulb Loss of Charge	Low	Low	Low	High	High	Low	Low			
Scaled Coaxial Heat Exchanger Heating	Low	Low	Low	Normal/Low	High	Low	Low			
Scaled Coaxial Heat Exchanger Cooling	High	High	High	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low			
Restricted Filter Drier		Check temperature difference (delta T) across filter drier.								

7/6/10

Compressor and Thermistor Resistance

Compressor Resistance Chart

Model	208-23	0/60/1	265/	60/1	200 220/60/2	460/60/2	575/60/4
Wodei	Run	Start	Run	Start	208-230/60/3	460/60/3	3/3/60/4
009	3.65 - 4.19	3.75 - 4.31	3.73 - 4.27	3.73 - 4.27 4.45 - 5.13		n/a	n/a
012	3.35 - 3.85	2.80 - 3.22	3.73 - 4.27	4.45 - 5.13	n/a	n/a	n/a
015	2.74 - 3.16	2.60 - 3.00	3.03 - 3.49	2.39 - 2.75	n/a	n/a	n/a
018	2.24 - 2.58	2.84 - 3.26	3.03 - 3.49	2.39 - 2.75	n/a	n/a	n/a
023-024	1.14 - 1.32	1.37 - 1.57	1.38 - 1.58	2.02 - 2.32	1.45 - 1.67	8.04 - 9.24	n/a
030	0.95 - 1.09	1.81 - 2.09	1.24 - 1.42	2.42 - 2.78	1.77 - 2.04	7.57 - 8.71	n/a
036	0.62 - 0.72	1.46 - 1.65	1.13 - 1.31	1.07 - 1.23	0.83 - 0.91	4.43 - 4.90	n/a
041-042	0.49 - 1.03	1.29 - 1.49	n	/a	0.81 - 1.05	4.33 - 4.99	5.11 - 5.64
048	0.51 - 0.58	1.36 - 1.57	n	/a	0.91 - 1.05	3.60 - 4.14	4.16 - 4.78
060	0.29 - 0.34	0.76 - 0.87	n/a		0.56 - 0.64	2.17 - 2.49	3.78 - 4.34
070	0.26 - 0.29	0.76 - 0.87	n/a		0.56 - 0.64	2.17 - 2.49	3.78 - 4.35

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Thermistor Resistance Chart

Thermistor Temperature (°F)	Microprocessor Resistance (Ohms)	FX10 Resistance (Ohms)
5	75757-70117	746-770
14	57392-53234	775-803
23	43865-40771	808-836
32	33809-31487	841-869
41	26269-24513	875-903
50	20570-19230	910-938
59	16226-15196	946-974
68	12889-12093	981-1013
77	10310-9688	1019-1051
86	8300-7812	1058-1090
95	6723-6337	1097-1129
104	5480-5172	1137-1169
113	4490-4246	1179-1211
122	3700-3504	1221-1253
131	3067-2907	1261-1297
140	2554-2424	1305-1341
149	2149-2019	1350-1386

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Heat of Extraction/Rejection Data

			Heat Of Ext	raction (HE)		1	Hea	t of Rejection	(HR)	
Model	GPM	30°F	50°F	70°F	90°F	30°F	50°F	70°F	90°F	110°F
	1.5		5.2	7.1	9.9		13.1	12.2	11.3	
009	2.0	3.9	5.4	7.4	10.1	13.0	13.1	12.2	11.3	10.6
	3.0	4.6	5.8	7.9	10.3	13.0	13.0	12.3	11.3	10.6
	1.5		7.4	9.6	12.5		16.9	16.5	15.8	
012	2.5	5.9	7.7	10.1	12.7	17.3	16.9	16.4	15.9	16.0
	3.5	6.1	8.1	10.6	12.9	17.4	16.9	16.4	16.0	16.1
	2.0		9.4	12.0	15.6		19.4	18.2	17.1	
015	3.0	7.4	9.7	12.5	15.9	16.9	19.6	18.4	17.2	16.7
	4.0	7.6	10.0	13.0	16.1	17.0	19.8	18.5	17.3	16.8
	3.0		11.4	13.9	19.1		23.0	21.6	20.5	
018	4.0	10.1	12.2	14.8	19.5	21.1	23.3	21.7	20.5	20.1
	5.0	10.4	13.1	15.8	19.8	21.2	23.6	21.9	20.7	20.1
	3.0		14.7	18.8	24.1		31.1	30.7	29.6	
023	4.5	11.9	15.4	19.6	24.5	30.1	31.1	30.6	29.6	29.2
	6.0	12.2	16.0	20.4	24.9	30.2	31.1	30.6	29.8	29.3
	3.0		15.6	19.8	25.4		32.2	31.8	30.5	
024	4.5	12.7	16.3	20.6	25.8	31.2	32.2	31.7	30.6	29.5
	6.0	13.0	16.9	21.5	26.2	31.4	32.2	31.6	30.8	29.7
	4.0		18.9	25.9	32.9		35.2	35.4	37.0	
030	6.0	14.5	19.9	27.0	33.4	35.1	37.2	37.6	37.6	34.7
	8.0	15.2	20.9	28.0	34.0	35.2	39.1	39.7	37.9	35.0
	5.0		24.6	33.0	41.7		47.4	45.3	44.1	
036	7.0	19.0	25.7	34.3	42.4	41.5	47.7	45.8	44.2	42.4
	9.0	19.6	26.8	35.5	43.1	41.7	48.1	46.3	44.6	42.7
	5.0		23.7	31.6	41.0		53.1	52.7	51.6	
041	8.0	18.9	25.1	32.9	41.7	48.4	53.3	53.5	51.7	48.5
	11.0	19.7	26.5	34.3	42.4	48.6	53.6	54.2	52.2	48.9
	5.0		25.5	33.8	43.8		55.0	54.5	53.4	
042	8.0	20.4	27.0	35.2	44.5	50.2	55.3	55.3	53.5	50.0
	11.0	21.2	28.4	36.7	45.2	50.4	55.5	56.1	54.0	50.4
	6.0		31.0	43.0	52.9		64.6	65.8	62.5	
048	9.0	24.0	33.3	45.7	53.7	58.3	65.2	65.9	62.7	59.9
	12.0	24.4	35.6	48.4	54.6	58.5	65.8	66.0	63.2	60.4
	9.0		40.3	54.4	66.8		79.9	79.4	75.0	
060	12.0	30.2	41.7	56.9	67.8	82.1	80.6	79.9	75.2	71.6
	15.0	32.5	43.1	59.3	68.9	82.5	81.3	80.4	75.9	72.1
	12.0		44.9	61.7	78.0		87.0	84.0	80.4	
070	15.0	35.2	47.4	63.1	79.2	84.3	88.7	85.2	80.4	78.0
	18.0	36.4	49.8	64.5	80.5	84.6	90.5	86.4	81.1	78.5 7/6/10

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Troubleshooting

Should a major problem develop, refer to the following information for possible causes and corrective steps.

If compressor won't run:

- The fuse may be open or the circuit breaker is tripped. Check electrical circuits and motor windings for shorts or grounds. Investigate
 for possible overloading. Replace fuse or reset circuit breakers after fault is corrected.
- 2. Supply voltage may be too low. Check it with a volt meter.
- Control system may be faulty. Check control for correct wiring of thermostat or aquastat and check the 24 volt transformer for proper voltage.
- 4. Wires may be loose or broken. Replace or tighten.
- 5. The low pressure switch may have tripped due to one or more of the following:
 - a) Heating
 - 1) Plugged heat exchanger on source side
 - 2) Water flow source side (Low)
 - 3) Water too cold source side
 - 4) Low refrigerant
 - b) Cooling
 - 1) Plugged heat exchanger on load side
 - 2) Water flow load side (Low)
 - 3) Water too cold load side
 - 4) Low refrigerant
- The high pressure switch may have tripped due to one or more of the following:
 - a) Heating
 - 1) Plugged heat exchanger on load side
 - 2) Low water flow load side
 - 3) Water too warm load side
 - b) Cooling
 - 1) Plugged heat exchanger on source side
 - 2) Low water flow on source side
 - 3) Water too warm source side
- 7. The compressor overload protection may be open.
- 8. The internal winding of the compressor motor may be grounded to the compressor shell. If so, replace the compressor.
- 9. The compressor winding may be open or shorted. Disconnect power. Check continuity with ohm meter. If the winding is open, replace the compressor.

If sufficient cooling or heating is not obtained:

- 1. Check control for improper location or setting.
- 2. Check for restriction in water flow.
- 3. Check refrigerant subcooling and superheat for proper refrigerant charge and expansion valve operation.
- 4. The reversing valve may be defective and creating a bypass of refrigerant. If the unit will not heat, check the reversing valve coil.

If the unit operation is noisy:

- 1. Check compressor for loosened mounting bolts. Make sure compressor is floating free on its isolator mounts. Check for tubing contact with the compressor or other surfaces. Readjust it by bending slightly.
- Check screws on all panels.
- 3. Check for chattering or humming in the contactor or relays due to low voltage or a defective holding coil. Replace the component.
- 4. Check for proper installation of vibration absorbing material under the unit.
- 5. Check for abnormally high discharge pressures.
- 6. Compressor rotation incorrect

Refrigerant Systems

To maintain sealed circuit integrity, do not install service gauges unless unit operation appears abnormal. Compare the change in temperature on the air side as well as the water side to the Operating Parameters tables. If the unit's performance is not within the ranges listed, and the airflow and water flow are known to be correct, gauges should then be installed and superheat and subcooling numbers calculated. If superheat and subcooling are outside recommended ranges, an adjustment to the refrigerant charge may be necessary.

NOTE: Refrigerant tests must be made with hot water generator turned "OFF". Verify that air and water flow rates are at proper levels before servicing the refrigerant circuit.

Startup and Troubleshooting Form

Company Name:	Date: Serial No: Open or Closed Loop: Installation Date: Troubleshooting Problem:
Water Out Pressure: Pressure Drop = a - b Convert Pressure Drop to Flow Rate (refer to <i>Pressure Drop</i> table)	d PSI c PSI d GPM
TEMPERATURE RISE OR DROP ACROSS CO Water In Temperature: Water Out Temperature: Temperature Difference:	COOLING HEATING e °F e °F f °F f °F g °F g °F
 3. TEMPERATURE RISE OR DROP ACROSS AIR Air In Temperature: Air Out Temperature: Temperature Difference: 4. HEAT OF REJECTION (HR) / HEAT OF EXTRA HR or HE = Flow Rate x Temperature Differed d. (above) x g. (above) x 485 for Methano Heat of Extraction (Heating Mode) = Heat of Rejection (Cooling Mode) = Compare results to Capacity Data Tables 	COOLING HEATING h °F h °F i °F i °F j °F j °F ACTION (HE) CALCULATION ence x Brine Factor*
Note: Steps 5 through 8 need only be completed if 5. WATTS Volts: Total Amps (Comp. + Fan): Watts = m. x n. x 0.85	COOLING HEATING m VOLTS m VOLTS n AMPS n AMPS o WATTS o WATTS
 6. CAPACITY Cooling Capacity = HR (o. x 3.413) Heating Capacity = HE. + (o. x 3.413) 7. EFFICIENCY Cooling EER = p. / o. Heating COP = p. / (o. x 3.413) 	p btu/hr p btu/hr q EER q COP
8. SUPERHEAT (S.H.) / SUBCOOLING (S.C.) Suction Pressure: Suction Saturation Temperature: Suction Line Temperature: Superheat = t s. Head Pressure:	COOLING HEATING r PSI r PSI s °F s °F t °F t °F u °F v PSI v PSI v PSI
High Pressure Saturation Temp.: Liquid Line Temperature*:	W °F

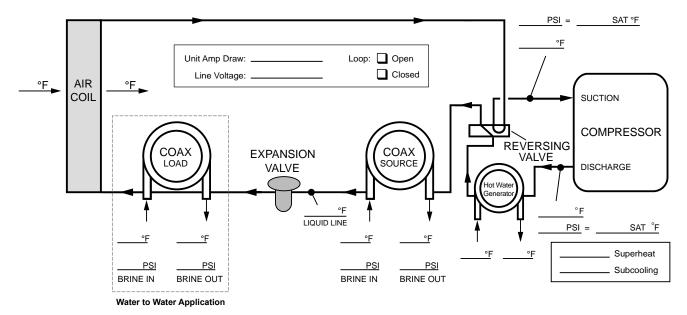
^{*} Note: Liquid line is between the coaxial heat exchanger and the expansion valve in the cooling mode; between the air coil and the expansion valve in the heating mode.

DEALER: _	
PHONE #:	DATE:
PROBLEM:	
MODEL #:	

Startup/Troubleshooting Form

COOLING CYCLE ANALYSIS

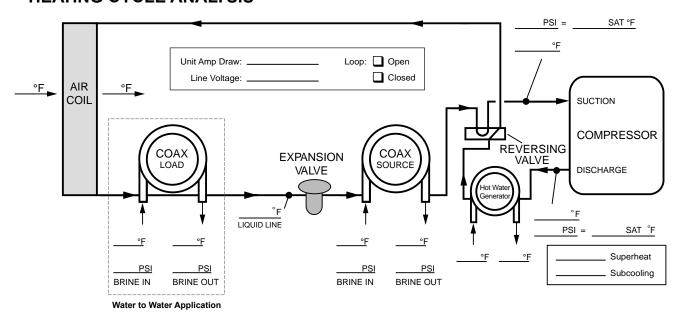
SERIAL #:



Heat of Extraction/Rejection = GPM x 500 (485 for water/antifreeze) x ∆T

Note: DO NOT hook up pressure gauges unless there appears to be a performance problem.

HEATING CYCLE ANALYSIS



Preventive Maintenance

Water Coil Maintenance

- Keep all air out of the water. An open loop system should be checked to ensure that the well head is not allowing air to infiltrate the
 water line. Lines should always be airtight.
- 2. Keep the system under pressure at all times. It is recommended in open loop systems that the water control valve be placed in the discharge line to prevent loss of pressure during off cycles. Closed loop systems must have positive static pressure.

NOTE: On open loop systems, if the installation is in an area with a known high mineral content (125 PPM or greater) in the water, it is best to establish with the owner a periodic maintenance schedule so the coil can be checked regularly. Should periodic coil cleaning be necessary, use standard coil cleaning procedures which are compatible with either the cupronickel or copper water lines. Generally, the more water flowing through the unit the less chance for scaling.

Other Maintenance

Filters

Filters must be clean to obtain maximum performance. They should be inspected monthly under normal operating conditions and be replaced when necessary. Units should never be operated without a filter.

Condensate Drain

In areas where airborne bacteria produce a slime in the drain pan, it may be necessary to treat chemically to minimize the problem. The condensate drain can pick up lint and dirt, especially with dirty filters. Inspect twice a year to avoid the possibility of overflow.

Blower Motors

Blower motors are equipped with sealed ball bearings and require no periodic oiling.

Hot Water Generator Coil

See Water Coil Maintenance section above.

Air Coil

The air coil must be cleaned to obtain maximum performance. Check once a year under normal operating conditions and, if dirty, brush or vacuum (with a brush attachment) clean. Care must be taken not to damage the aluminum fins while cleaning.



CAUTION: Fin edges are sharp.

Replacement Procedures

Obtaining Parts

When ordering service or replacement parts, refer to the model number and serial number of the unit as stamped on the serial plate attached to the unit. If replacement parts are required, mention the date of installation of the unit and the date of failure, along with an explanation of the malfunctions and a description of the replacement parts required.

In-Warranty Material Return

Material may not be returned except by permission of authorized warranty personnel. Contact your local distributor for warranty return authorization and assistance.

Service Parts

							Single Speed	Vertical Units	<u> </u>				
	Part Description	009	012	015	018	024	030	036	041	042	048	060	070
	Compressor 208-230/60/1	34P590-01	34P591-01	34P592-01	34P593-01	34P624-01	34P583-01	34P625-01	34P621-01	34P621-01	34P623-01	34P613-01	34P616-01
	265/60/1	34P590-02	4P590-02 34P591-02 34P592-02 34P593-02 34P624-02 34P583-02 34P627-02		34P627-02	Not Available			·				
	230/60/3	230/60/3 No				34P624-03	34P583-03	34P625-03	34P621-03	34P621-03	34P623-03	34P613-03	34P616-03
esso	460/60/3		Not Av	ailable		34P624-04	34P583-04	34P625-04	34P621-04	34P621-04	34P623-04	34P613-04	34P616-04
Compressor	575/60/3			Not Available			34P621-05	34P621-05	34P623-05	34P613-05	34P616-05		
°	Run Capacitor 208-230/60/1	16P002D17	16P002D18	16P002D19	16P002D19	16P002D19	16P002D20	16P002D21	16P002D35	16P002D35	16P002D23	16P002D25	16P002D24
	Run Capacitor 265/60/1	16P002D27	16P002D27	16P002D30	16P002D30	16P002D20	16P002D20	16P002D23			Not Available		
	Sound Jacket		92P50	04A01				92P50	04A05			92P5	19-02
	VS ECM Motor 208-230/60/1	Not Av	vailable			14S551-01				14S552-01		14S5	53-01
oto "	VS ECM Motor 265/60/1	Not Av	vailable			14S551-02					Not Available		
SIO W	VS ECM Motor 230/60/3		Not Av	ailable			14S5	51-01		1485	52-01	1485	53-01
VS ECM Motor & Blower	VS ECM Motor 460/60/3		Not Av	ailable			14S5	51-02		14S5	52-02	1485	53-02
	VS ECM Blower Housing	Not Av	vailable			53P512B01			53P517-02		53P5	15B01	
-e-	PSC Motor 208-230/60/1	14P5	06-02	14P50	07B01	14P508B01	14P509B01	14P510B01	14P511B01	14P511B01	4P511B01 14P512B01		14B01
PSC Motor & Blower	PSC Motor 265/60/1	14P5	06-02	14P50	07B02	14P508B02	14P509B02	14P510B02		,	Not Available		
for &	PSC Motor 230/60/3		Not Av	ailable		14P508B01	14P509B01	14P510B01	14P511B01	14P511B01	14P512B01	14P5	14B01
Mo	PSC Motor 460/60/3		Not Av	ailable		14P508B03	14P509B03	14P510B03	14P511B02	14P511B02	14P512B02	14P514B02	
PS	PSC Motor 575/60/3		Not Av	ailable			Not Available		14P511B03	14P511B03	14P512B03	14P514B03	
_	5-Spd ECM Motor 208-230/60/1	Not Av	/ailable			14P536-01				•	14P537-01		
5-Speed ECM Motor & Blower	5-Spd ECM Motor 265-277/60/1	Not Av	/ailable			14P536-02					Not Available		
d ECM I Blower	5-Spd ECM Motor 230/60/3		Not Av	ailable			14P536-01				14P537-01		
peed & E	5-Spd ECM Motor 460/60/3		Not Av	ailable			14P536-03				14P537-03		
5-8	5-Spd ECM Blower Housing	Not Av	/ailable			53P512B01					53P515B01	 I	
	Air Coil	61P719-41	61P719-41	61P713-41	61P713-41	61P705-41	61P705-41	61P711-41	61P711-41	61P706-41	61P706-41	61P715-41	61P722-41
io str	Coax	62P587-01	62P586-01		62P572-01		62P566-01		62P568-01		62P573-01	62P574-01	62P543-04
gerat	TXV	33P6	13-01		33P6	05-16		33P605-02		33P605-10	l	33P608-10	33P605-13
Refrigeration Components	Reversing Valve	33P5	02-05	33P5	05-04		33P5	06-04		33P5	03-05	33P5	26-04
	Filter Dryer					36P50	00B01			<u> </u>		36P5	00B02
Hot Water Generation	Hot Water Generation		Not Available				62P516-05				62P5	16-03	
	Transformer 208-230/60/1						15P50	01B01					
	Transformer 265/60/1				15P507B01						Not Available		
Control	Transformer 230/60/3	Not Available 15P501B01											
ខ	Transformer 460/60/3	Not Available							15P505B01				
	Transformer 575/60/3				Not Av	ailable					15P5	06B01	
	Phase Guard		Not Av	ailable					19P54	41A06			
ors & ies	High Pressure Switch						35P50	06B02					
Sensors & Safeties	Low Pressure Switch						35P50	06B01					
	E: Part numbers subject to cha	nge											10/23/2013

NOTE: Part numbers subject to change.

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Service Parts cont.

						Si	ngle Speed I	Horizontal Un	its				
	Part Description	009	012	015	018	023	024	030	036	042	048	060	070
	Compressor 208-230/60/1	34P590-01	34P591-01	34P592-01	34P593-01	34P624-01	34P624-01	34P583-01	34P625-01	34P621-01	34P623-01	34P613-01	34P616-01
	265/60/1	34P590-02	34P591-02	34P592-02	34P593-02	34P624-02	34P624-02	34P583-02	34P627-02		Not Av	/ailable	
_	230/60/3		Not Av	ailable		34P624-03	34P624-03	34P583-03	34P625-03	34P621-03	34P623-03	34P613-03	34P616-03
ossa	460/60/3		Not Av	ailable		34P624-04	34P624-04	34P583-04	34P625-04	34P621-04	34P623-04	34P613-04	34P616-04
Compressor	575/60/3				Not Av	railable				34P621-05	34P623-05	34P613-05	34P616-05
ŭ	Run Capacitor 208-230/60/1	16P002D17	16P002D18		16P0	02D19		16P002D20	16P002D21	16P002D35	16P002D23	16P002D25	16P002D24
	Run Capacitor 265/60/1	16P00	02D27	16P0	02D30		16P002D20		16P002D23		Not A	/ailable	
	Sound Jacket		92P50	04A01				92P5	04A05			92P5	19-02
	VS ECM Motor 208-230/60/1	Not Av	railable			14S5	51-01			14S5	52-01	14S5	53-01
otor	VS ECM Motor 265/60/1	Not Av	railable		,	14S5	51-02				Not Av	/ailable	
SM M	VS ECM Motor 230/60/3		Not Av	ailable			14S5	51-01		14S5	52-01	14S5	53-01
VS ECM Motor & Blower	VS ECM Motor 460/60/3		Not Av	ailable			14S5	51-02		14S5	52-02	14S5	53-02
	VS ECM Blower Housing	Not Av	vailable			53P5	12B01				53P5	15B01	
L	PSC Motor 208-230/60/1	14P5	06-02	14P5	07B01	14P5	08B01	14P509B01	14P510B01	14P511B01	14P512B01	14P5	14B01
lowe	PSC Motor 265/60/1	14P5	06-02	14P5	07B02	14P5	08B02	14P509B02	14P510B02		Not A	vailable	
⊗ ⊠	PSC Motor 230/60/3		Not Av	ailable		14P5	08B01	14P509B01	14P510B01	14P511B01	14P512B01	14P5	14B01
PSC Motor & Blower	PSC Motor 460/60/3		Not Av	ailable		14P508B03 14P509B		14P509B03	14P510B03	14P511B02	14P512B02	14P514B02	
SC N	PSC Motor 575/60/3		Not Av	railable Not Availabl			railable		14P511B03	14P512B03	14P514B03		
<u> </u>	PSC Blower & Housing	53P50	06B01			53P5	12B01			53P5	17-02	53P5	15B01
tor	5-Spd ECM Motor 208-230/60/1	Not Av	railable			14P5	36-01			14P537-01			
A Mo	5-Spd ECM Motor 265-277/60/1	Not Av	railable	14P536-02					Not Available				
5-Speed ECM Motor & Blower	5-Spd ECM Motor 230/60/3		Not Av	ailable		14P536-01				14P537-01			
peec &	5-Spd ECM Motor 460/60/3		Not Av	ailable			14P5	36-03	14P5			537-03	
5-8	5-Spd ECM Blower Housing	Not Av	railable			53P5	12B01				53P5	15B01	
	Air Coil (no coat)	61P718-41	61P718-41	61P712-41	61P712-41	61P712-41	61P707-41	61P707-41	61P708-41	61P709-41	61P709-41	61P710-41	61P716-41
tion	Coax (Copper)	62P587-01	62P586-01		62P5	72-01		62P566-01	62P5	68-01	62P573-01	62P574-01	62P543-04
Refrigeration Components	TXV	33P6	13-01		33P6	05-16		33P605-02	33P605-02	33P6	05-10	33P608-10	33P605-13
Refr	Reversing Valve	33P5	02-05		33P505-04			33P506-04		33P5	03-05	33P5	26-05
	Filter Drier					36P5	00B01					36P50	00B02
	Transformer 208-230/60/1						15P5	01B01					
	Transformer 265/60/1				15P5	07B01					Not Av	/ailable	
rols	Transformer 230/60/3		Not Av	ailable					15P5	01B01			
Conti	Transformer 460/60/3		Not Av	ailable					15P5	05B01			
	Transformer 575/60/3				Not Av	vailable 15P506B01							
	Phase Guard		Not Av	ailable					19P5	41A06			
Sensors & Safeties	High Pressure Switch						35P5	06B02					
Sens Safe	Low Pressure Switch						35P5	06B01					
NOTE	Part numbers subject to chan												10/23/13

NOTE: Part numbers subject to change.

10/23/13

Revision Guide

Pages:	Description:	Date:	Ву:
All	Updated with Aluminum Air Coils	29 Oct 2013	DS
19-21	Updated Compressor LRA with GeoStart	31 Jul 2013	DS
53-54	Updated Service Parts Guide with GeoStart Compatibility	31 Jul 2013	DS
All	Updated Nomenclature to Reflect New Variable Speed ECM Motor	13 Feb 2012	DS
All	Updated Nomenclature to Reflect New 5-Speed ECM Motor	13 Feb 2012	DS
All	Updated Nomenclature to Reflect New Aurora Controls	13 Feb 2012	DS
53-54	Updated Service Parts Lists	13 Feb 2012	DS
55	Added Revision Guide	13 Feb 2012	DS





Product: **Arbor Series Series**

Type: Size: Geothermal/Water Source Heat Pumps

0.75-6 Ton

Document Type: Installation Manual IM1200AZA Part Number: Release Date: 10/13